Operating Instructions CO₂ Incubator HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i with Decontamination Routine

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	1.1 Identification of the device and of the documentation		
Identfication data	Identification of the device Device name: CO2 incubator Type designation: HERAcell® 150i HERAcell® 240i Serial No.: 40830469 or higher Allocation of product documentation User information: Operating instructions 50113925 E Valid: 11.2010 Certifications and quality audit: CE Certification		
Target group Process procedures for personnel	 Test mark: GS by VDE Germany CSA/UL by VDE Germany 1.2 Instruction of the operating personnel These operating instructions describe the CO₂ incubator HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i. The CO₂ incubator has been manufactured in keeping with the latest technological developments and is operationally safe. However, the device may present potential hazards, particularly if it is operated by inadequately trained personnel or if it is not used in accordance with the intended purpose. Therefore, the following must be observed to prevent accidents: The CO₂ incubator must be operated only by trained and authorized personnel. For any operation of this device, the operator must prepare clear and concise written instructions in the language of the operating and cleaning personnel based on these operating instructions, applicable safety data sheets, plant hygiene guidelines, and technical regulations, in particular: which decontamination measures are to be applied for the CO₂ incubator and accessories, which measures are to be taken in the case of an accident. Repairs to the device must be carried out only by trained and authorized expert personnel. 		



	1.3 Applicability of the instructions
Original document for translation	 The contents of the operating instructions are subject to change without further notice. Concerning translations into foreign languages, the German version of these operating instructions is binding. Keep these operating instructions close to the device so that safety instructions and important information are always accessible. Should you encounter problems that are not detailed adequately in these operating instructions, please contact Thermo Scientific immediately for your own safety.
	1.4 Warranty
Requirements for warranty	 Thermo Scientific warrants the operational safety and functions of the CO₂ incubator only under the condition that: the device is operated and serviced exclusively in accordance with its intended purpose and as described in these operating instructions, the device is not modified, only original spare parts and accessories that have been approved by Thermo Fisher Scientific are used, inspections and maintenance are performed at the specified intervals. The warranty is valid from the date of delivery of the device to the operator.



1 General notes	
	 1.5 Explanation of safety information and symbols 1.5.1 Safety information and symbols used in the operating instructions
WARNING: Personal injuries	Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could
CAUTION: Personal injuries	result in death or serious injuries. CAUTION Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could
NOTICE: Property damage	result in minor or moderate injuries. NOTICE Indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in
NOTE: Useful information	property damage. NOTE
	1.5.2 Additional symbols for safety informations: Wear safety gloves!
	Wear safety goggles!
	Harmful liquids!
	Electric shock! Hot surfaces!
	Fire hazard!
	Explosion hazard!
	Suffocation hazard!



1.5.3 Symbols on the device

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CE conformity mark: confirms conformity according to EU Guidelines



VDE test mark



Mark of conformity USA/Canada



Observe operating instructions!



	1.6 Intended purpose of the device
Use	1.6.1 Correct use The CO_2 incubator HERAcell [®] 150i / 240i is a laboratory device for preparing and cultivating cell and tissue cultures. The device allows the simulation of the special physiological ambient conditions for these cultures due to the exact control of: • temperature, • CO_2 content, • O_2/N_2 content, • and increased relative humidity.
Fields of application	 HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i has been designed for installation and operation in the following fields of application: Laboratories for cytobiological and biotechnological experiments of safety levels L1, L2, and L3. Medical-microbiological laboratories in accordance with DIN 58 956. Laboratories in the central area of clinics and hospitals.
Gas supply system	The gases required for the incubator $(CO_2 \text{ and } / \text{ or } O_2/N_2)$ are supplied to the device from a separate gas supply system, either from gas cylinders or from a central pressurized gas container. The layout of the gas supply system must ensure that the operating pressure of the gas supply lines can be set to a range between 0.8 bar (min.) to 1 bar (max.) and that the pressure cannot be changed. If the device is equipped with the optional gas monitoring system, up to four devices can be interconnected in line, independent of the of the gas supply system capacity. The CO_2 incubator is suitable for continuous operation.
Incorrect use	 1.6.2 Incorrect use Do not use cell or tissue cultures in the device that are not in accordance with the regulations of safety levels L1, L2, and L3. Do not use tissues, substances or liquids that: are easily ignitible or explosive, release vapors that form combustible or explosive mixtures when exposed to air, release poisons.



1.7 Standards and directives

The device complies with the following standards and guidelines:

- DIN EN 61010 1: 2002, DIN EN 61010 2 010 : 2004
- Low Voltage Guideline 2006/95/EG
- EMC Guideline 2004/108/EG
- UVV BGV D4 Revised Version
 - (UVV VBG 20, continues to be valid for old stock)

The following safety regulations must be observed if the device is operated within the territory of the Federal Republic of Germany:

- BGR 104
- BGR 120
- BGI 629
- BGI 630
- TRG 280
- EC Official Gazette, L 374
- Safety data sheets of the gas suppliers with regard to the particular characteristics of CO₂, O₂, and N₂.
- Principles of good microbiological proceedings, notice of the trade association of the German chemical industry.

For other countries, the applicable national regulations are binding.



	NOT
	Installation work:
	Any work to supply lines and pressurized gas containers, cylinders or containers used for storing CO_2 or O_2/N_2 must only be carried out by expert personnel using the appropriate tools
	Instruction of the personnel:
	Personnel operating devices with CO ₂ supply must be instructed about the particularities in the handling of CO ₂ before starting their work:
	 Correct operation of pressurized gas containers and gas
	 supply systems, obligation to report damages and shortcomings in CO₂
	supply lines,measures to be taken in case of accidents or failures.
	• measures to be taken in case of accidents or failures.
	These instructions must be repeated at appropriate intervals and must comprise the particular operating instructions of the gas supplier.
	1.8.1 Safety notes on carbon dioxide (CO ₂)
rbon dioxide	Since CO_2 is rated as a harmful gas, certain safety instructions must be observed when the CO_2 incubator is started up and when the device is operated.
	Suffocation hazard!
	Large amounts of CO_2 released into the room atmosphere ma cause suffocation. If CO_2 is released, initiate safety measures immediately!



Oxygen

1.8.2 Safety notes on oxygen (O₂)

O₂ is a gas that promotes combustion and may explode in combination with grease-containing materials.

Oxygen explosion!



O₂ may explode in combination with oils, greases, and lubricants. If highly compressed oxygen comes in contact with grease- or oil-containing substances, the mixture may explode!

- For cleaning these device components, use only oil- and grease-free lubricants.
- Keep all connections and components of the oxygen system free from substances that contain oil, grease, or lubricant!

Fire hazard!



Nitrogen

Released oxygen promotes combustion. Do not use open flames in the vicinity of oxygen-operated systems!

- Do not smoke in the vicinity of oxygen systems.
- Do not expose the components of an oxygen system to excessive heat.

1.8.3 Safety notes on nitrogen (N₂)

Nitrogen mixes easily with air. High concentrations of nitrogen reduce the oxygen content in the air.

Suffocation hazard!



Large amounts of $\ensuremath{N_2}$ released into the room atmosphere may cause suffocation.

If N₂ is released, initiate safety measures immediately!

- Leave the room immediately and do not allow others to enter the room!
- Inform security service or fire department!

Packaging materials



2.1	Packa	aina
6 . I	I GONG	ging

The CO₂ incubator HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i is delivered in a stable packaging box. All packaging materials can be separated and are reusable:

- Packaging carton:
- Recycled paper • Foam elements:
 - Styrofoam (CFC-free)
- Pallet:
- Untreated wood
- Packaging film:
- Polyethylene
- Packaging ribbons: Polypropylene

2.2 Acceptance inspection

After the device has been delivered, check the delivery immediately for:

- completeness,
- possible damage.

Damage report

If components are missing or damage is found on the device or the packaging, esp. damages caused by humidity and water, please contact the linehauler as well as the Technical Support of Thermo Scientific immediately.



2.3 Standard equipment components HERAcell® 150i

	HERAcell [®] 150i			
Quantity of the delivered components	CO ₂ incubator	₂ incubator or CO ₂ /O ₂ incubator		
(in piece)	Solid glass door and	3-door gas tight screen and		
	continuous shelves	continuous shelves		
Shelf	3	3		
Support rail for shelf	4	4		
Shelf supports for shelf	6	6		
Insert for pressure compensation opening	1	1		
Plug for pipe channel	1	1		
Power supply cable	1	1		
Connector, potential-free contact	1	1		
Spare caps, set	1	1		
CO ₂ connecting hose set	1	1		
Open-end wrench, 24 mm	1	1		
Allen wrench 2 mm for blower wheel	1	1		
Allen wrench 3 mm for blower wheel cover	1	1		
Operating instructions (CD)	1	1		
Water pump	1	1		

2.4 Optional equipment components HERAcell® 150i

Quantity of the delivered components	HERAcell [®] 150i CO ₂ incubator or CO ₂ /O ₂ incubator				
(in piece)	Solid glass door and continuous shelves	3-door gas tight screen and continuous shelves			
O ₂ connecting hose set	1	1			
O ₂ sensor with set for gas humidification *1)	1	1			
CO ₂ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional)	1	1			
O ₂ / N ₂ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional)	1	1			

*1) O₂ sensor with gas humidification set is packed in a separate carton and placed into the work space during transport.



2.5 Standard equipment components HERAcell® 240i

Quantity of the delivered components (in piece)	HERAcell [®] 240i CO ₂ incubator or CO ₂ /O ₂ incubator				
	Solid glass door and continuous shelves (standard version)	Solid glass door and split shelves (optional)	6-door gas tight screen and continuous shelves (standard version)	6-door gas tight screen and split shelves (optional)	
Shelf	3	6	3	6	
Support rail for shelf	4	6	4	6	
Shelf supports for shelf	6	12	6	12	
Insert for pressure compensation opening	1	1	1	1	
Plug for pipe channel	1	1	1	1	
Power supply cable	1	1	1	1	
Connector, potential-free contact	1	1	1	1	
Spare caps, set	1	1	1	1	
CO ₂ connecting hose set	1	1	1	1	
Open-end wrench, 24 mm	1	1	1	1	
Allen wrench 2 mm for blower wheel	1	1	1	1	
Allen wrench 3 mm for blower wheel cover	1	1	1	1	
Operating instructions (CD)	1	1	1	1	
Water pump	1	1	1	1	



2.6 Optional equipment components HERAcell® 240i

Quantity of the delivered components (in piece)	HERAcell [®] 240i CO ₂ incubator or CO ₂ /O ₂ incubator			
	Solid glass door and continuous shelves (standard version)	Solid glass door and split shelves (optional)	6-door gas tight screen and continuous shelves (standard version)	6-door gas tight screen and split shelves (optional)
O ₂ connecting hose set	1	1	1	1
O ₂ gas humidification system connecting hose set *1)	1	1	1	1
Bottle turning device (motor with four rollers, optional) *2), *3)	1	_	1	-
CO ₂ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional)	1	1	1	1
O ₂ / N ₂ connecting hose set, gas monitoring (optional)	1	1	1	1

*1) O₂ sensor with gas humidification set is packed in a separate box that is placed into the work space during transport.

*2) For bottle turning devices, the version with split shelves is not available.

*3) Each level of a bottle turning device is packed in a separate box. The boxes (1 to 4) are delivered with the device.



Location

3.1 Ambient conditions

The device must only be operated at locations that meet the particular ambient conditions listed below:

Requirements:

- Draft-free and dry location.
- The minimal distance to adjacent surfaces must be observed on all sides (see Section 3.3.).
- The operating room must be equipped with appropriate room ventilation.
- Solid, level, fire-proof surface.
- Vibration-proof substructure (floor stand, lab table) capable of bearing the weight of the device and of accessories (particularly if several devices are stacked).
- The electrical system of the device has been designed for an operating height of up to 2000 m above sea level.
- To ensure a constant incubation temperature of 37 °C, the ambient temperature must be within a range of +18 °C to +33 °C.
- Relative humidity up to 80% (max.).
- No direct exposure to sunlight.
- Devices that produce excessive heat must not be placed near the location of the HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i.

3.2 Room ventilation

When $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ is supplied, the work space of the incubator is slightly pressurized. The pressure is released through the pressure compensation opening into the operating room.

Pressure compensation and any opening of the glass door/gas-tight screen during the operation of the device will release very small quantities of CO₂/ O_2/N_2 into the operating room; the room ventilation must be capable of carrying the released gas safely off into the open.

In addition, heat dissipating from the device during continuous operation may cause a change in the room climate.

- Therefore, the HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i must only be installed in rooms with sufficient ventilation.
- Do not install the device in room recesses without ventilation.
- The room ventilation should be a technical ventilation that complies with the requirements of BGR 120 (Guidelines for laboritories, Germany) or some other suited ventilation system with appropriate capacity.

Technical ventilation



3 Installation of the device

3.3 Space requirements

A WARNING

EMERGENCY STOP!

The mains socket must always be accessible for the case of an EMERGENCY STOP.

Fig. 1: When installing the device, make sure that the installation and supply connections are freely accessible.

The control box on the rear panel of the device may serve as a spacer to adjacent objects. The side distances given are minimal distances.

To protect the CO_2 incubator against contamination, use a floor stand even if the device is installed near the floor. The height of the floor stand should not fall below 200 mm.

NOTE

Accessibility of the devices:

To ensure the accessibility for care and maintenance works, keep larger side and rear distances.

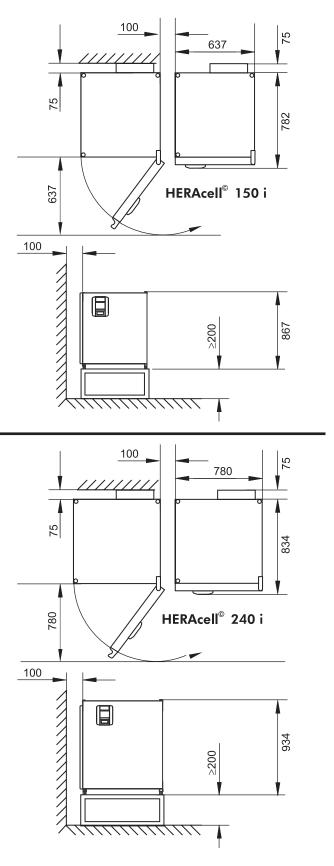


Fig. 1: Device dimensions

3 Installation of the device

3.4 Transport

Fig. 2: For transport, do not lift the device using the doors or components attached to the device (e.g. control box on rear panel) as lift points.

- NOTE –

Lift points:

Lift the device only using the lift points.

3.5 Stacking

Fig. 3: HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i is suited for stacking up to two devices of the same device type. For thermal separation, an adapter plate [3] can be placed between the two devices.

HERAcell[®] 150i

- Place the adapter plate with the receptacles [4] at the bottom onto the stacking elements [5] on top of the device. Make sure that the adapter plate is seated safely on the stacking elements.
- Place the device to be stacked with the device stands [1] onto the stacking elements [2] at the top of the adapter plate.

HERAcell[®] 240i

- Place the adapter plate with the receptacle recesses [8] at the bottom onto the stacking elements [9] on top of the device. Make sure that the adapter plate is seated safely on the recesses.
- Place the device to be stacked with the device stands [6] onto the stacking elements [7] at the top of the adapter plate.

The devices are secured to one another by their own weight.

NOTICE

Transporting stacked devices!

The stacking elements are not locking elements. Therefore, it is not permitted to transport stacked devices.

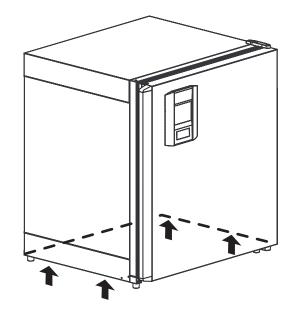


Fig. 2: Lift points

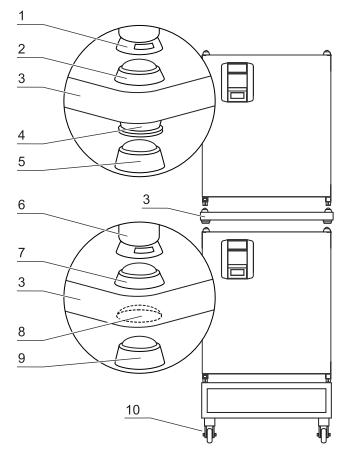
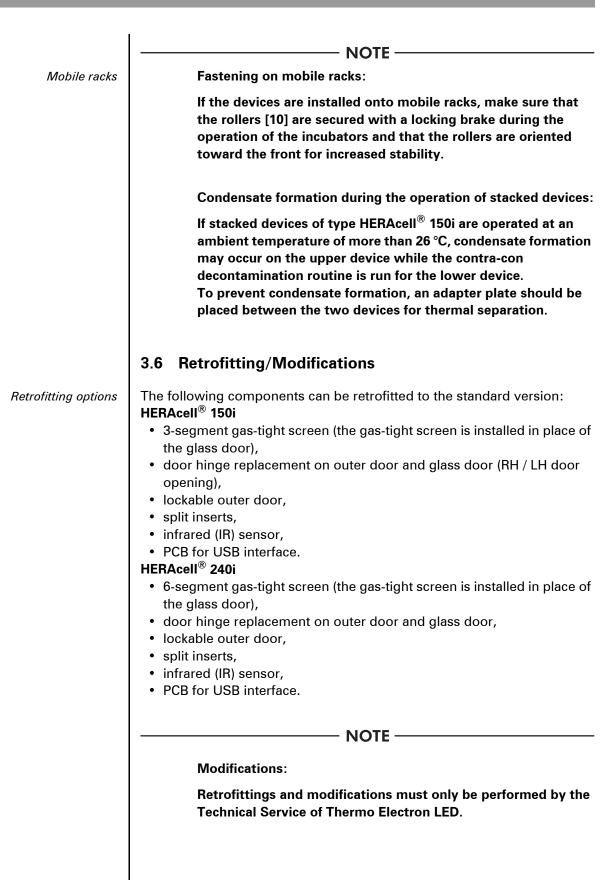


Fig. 3: Stacking

3 Installation of the device



4.1 Front view of HERAcell[®] 150i

Front view

- Stacking elements
 Plug caps
- [3] Glass door
- [4] Measuring cell with blower wheel and sensors
- [5] Door switch
- [6] Oxygen sensor (optional)
- [7] Pressure compensation opening with insert
- [8] Measuring opening
- [9] Outer door
- [10] Outer door seal, replaceable
- [11] Stand, height-adjustable
- [12] Gas humidification (optional)
- [13] Water level sensor
- [14] Nameplate
- [15] Power switch
- [16] Support rail
- [17] Shelf
- [18] Latch, glass door
- [19] Support hook for shelf
- [20] Access port with plug
- [21] Glass door seal, replaceable
- [22] iCan[™] Touchscreen (Operating panel)
- [23] Door handle



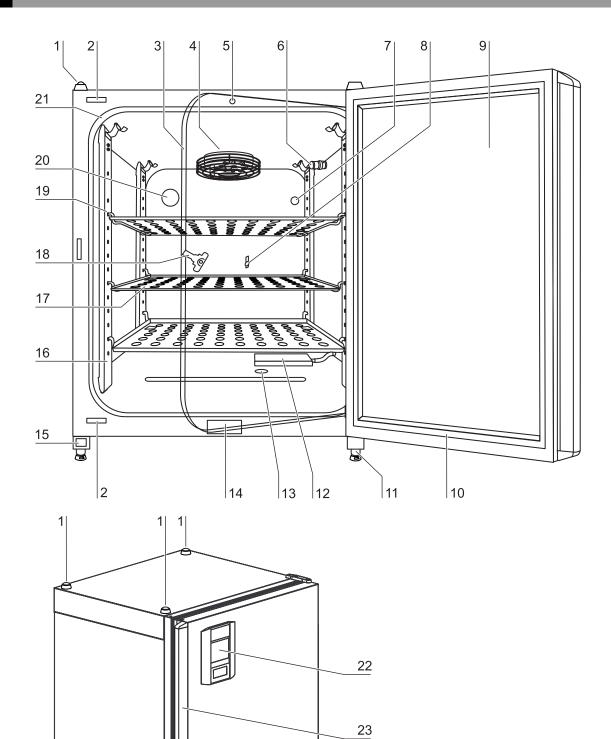
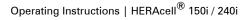


Fig. 4: Front view HERAcell[®] 150i



Rear view

- [1] Access port, Ø 42 mm
- [2] Pressure compensation opening
- [3] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) CO2 and O2/N2 without gas monitoring
- [4] Condensate drain gutter
- [5] Diagram: Gas connection CO_2 and O_2/N_2 without gas monitoring
- [6] O₂/N₂ gas cylinder
- [7] CO₂ gas cylinder
- [8] Secondary CO₂ gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
- [9] Primary CO₂ gas supply A with optional gas monitoring
- [10] Secondary O_2/N_2 gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
- [11] **Primary** O_2/N_2 gas supply **A** with optional gas monitoring
- [12] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) CO_2 and O_2/N_2 with gas monitoring (optional)
- [13] Distributor connection for looping through the CO₂ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
- [14] Distributor connection for looping through the O_2/N_2 gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
- [15] Diagram: Gas connection CO₂ and O₂/N₂ with optional gas monitoring



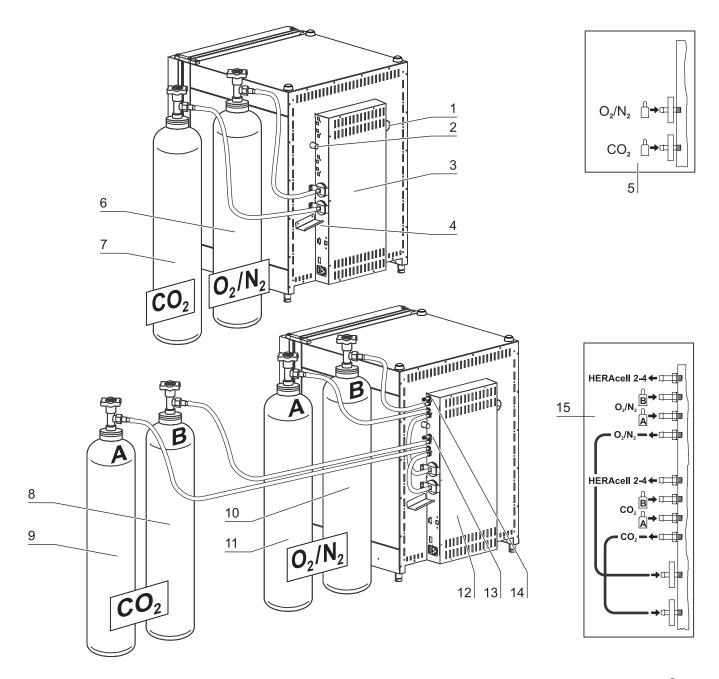


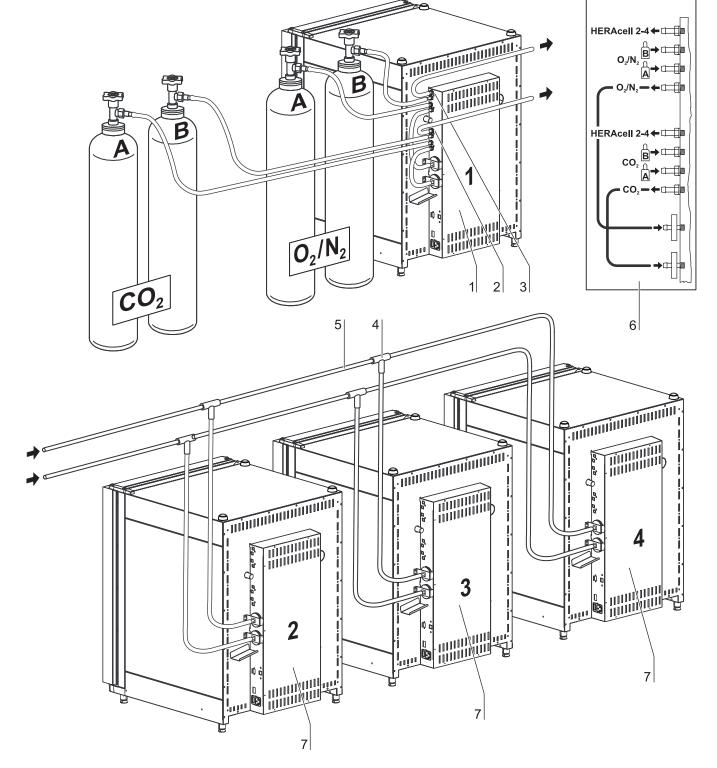
Fig. 5: Rear view HERAcell[®] 150i





Looped-through gas supply for HERAcell[®] 150i:

- [1] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) CO_2 and O_2/N_2 with gas monitoring (optional)
- [2] Distributor connection for looping through the CO₂ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
- [3] Distributor connection for looping through the O_2/N_2 gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
- [4] Tee joint for fitting the gas pressure hoses together
- [5] Gas pressure hose for looping-through the gas supply
- [6] Diagram: Gas connection CO_2 and O_2/N_2 with optional gas monitoring
- [7] HERAcell $^{\circledast}$ 150i with looped-through gas supply; therefore device must only be equipped with combined gas connection (optional) CO_2 and O_2/N_2



Operating Instructions | HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i

4



Fig. 6: Looped-through gas supply HERAcell[®] 150i

4.3 Front view HERAcell[®] 240i

Front view

- [1] Stacking elements[2] Plug caps
- [3] Glass door
- [4] Measuring cell with blower wheel and sensors
- [5] Door switch
- [6] Oxygen sensor (optional)
- [7] Receptacle for bottle turning device (optional)
- [8] Measuring opening
- [9] Plug for bottle turning device (optional)
- [10] Outer door
- [11] Outer door seal, replaceable
- [12] Stand, height-adjustable
- [13] Drive roller for bottle turning device (optional)
- [14] Gas humidification (optional)
- [15] Water level sensor
- [16] Insert for bottle turning device (optional)
- [17] Nameplate
- [18] Cylinders (optional)
- [19] Power switch
- [20] Support rail
- [21] Shelf
- [22] Latch, glass door
- [23] Support hook for shelf
- [24] Pressure compensation opening with insert
- [25] Access port with plug
- [26] Glass door seal, replaceable
- [27] iCan[™] Touchscreen (Operating panel)
- [28] Door handle



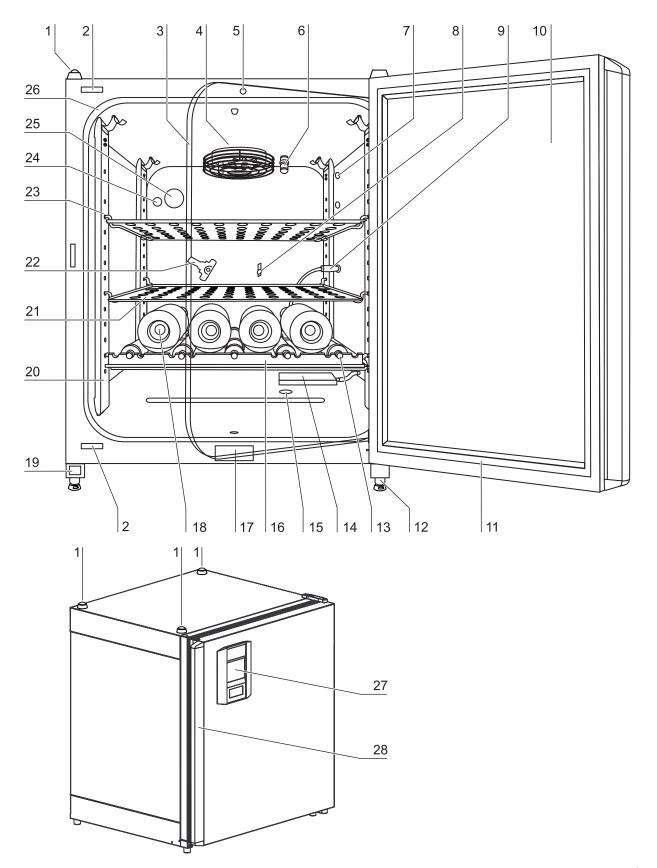


Fig. 7: Front view HERAcell[®] 240i

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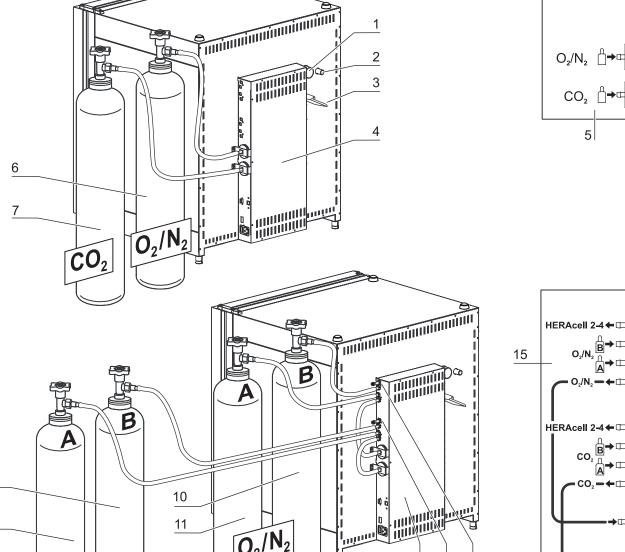


Rear view

- [1] Pressure compensation opening
- [2] Access port, Ø 42 mm
- [3] Condensate drain gutter
- [4] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) CO2 and O2/N2 without gas monitoring
- [5] Diagram: Gas connection CO₂ and O₂/N₂ without gas monitoring
- [6] O₂/N₂ gas cylinder
- [7] CO₂ gas cylinder
- [8] Secondary CO₂ gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
- [9] Primary CO₂ gas supply A with optional gas monitoring
- [10] Secondary O_2/N_2 gas supply **B** with optional gas monitoring
- [11] **Primary** O_2/N_2 gas supply **A** with optional gas monitoring
- [12] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) CO_2 and O_2/N_2 with gas monitoring (optional)
- [13] Distributor connection for looping through the CO₂ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
- [14] Distributor connection for looping through the O_2/N_2 gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
- [15] Diagram: Gas connection CO_2 and O_2/N_2 with optional gas monitoring

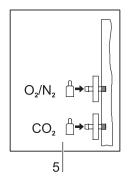
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 O_2/N_2

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Fig. 8: Rear view HERAcell[®] 240i

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Description of the device

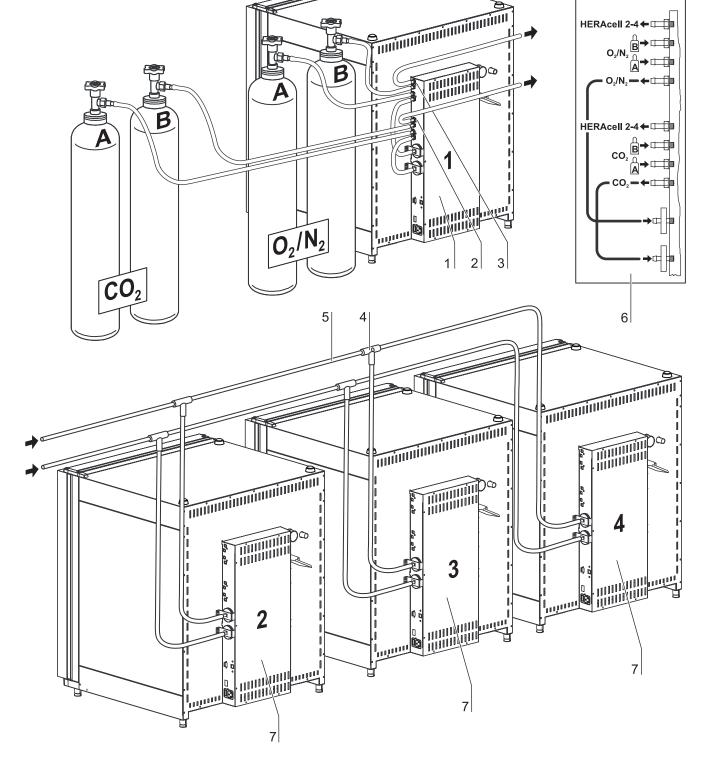
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Looped-through gas supply for HERAcell[®] 240i:

- [1] Control box with supply interface for combined gas connection (optional) CO_2 and O_2/N_2 with gas monitoring (optional)
- [2] Distributor connection for looping through the CO₂ gas supply for up to three additional devices (independent of device type)
- [3] Distributor connection for looping through the O_2/N_2 gas supply for up to 3 additional devices (independent of device type)
- [4] Tee joint for fitting the gas pressure hoses together
- [5] Gas pressure hose for looping-through the gas supply
- [6] Diagram: Gas connection CO_2 and O_2/N_2 with optional gas monitoring
- [7] HERAcell[®] 240i with looped-through gas supply; therefore device must only be equipped with combined gas connection (optional) CO_2 and O_2/N_2



1

Description of the device

Operating Instructions | HERAcell[®] 150i / 240i

4



Fig. 9: Looped-through gas supply HERAcell[®] 240i

4.5 Safety devices

The device is equipped with the following safety devices:

- A door switch interrupts the CO₂/O₂/N₂ supply and the work space heating when the glass door is opened.
- The optional gas detector switches the gas supply over to a full gas cylinder.
- An independent thermal protection protects the samples from harmful overheating in case of failures.
- A pressure compensation opening ensures pressure compensation in the device work space.
- The alarm relay circuit uses audible and visual alarms to indicate errors during operation.

4.6 Work space atmosphere

In the work space of the incubator, the particular physiological ambient conditions for the preparation and cultivation of cell and tissue cultures are simulated. The work space atmosphere is determined by the following factors:

- Temperature
- Relative humidity
- CO₂ concentration
- O₂ concentration (optional)

Temperature:

Temperature conditions To ensure undisturbed operation, the temperature in the operating room must be at least 18 °C and the incubation temperature must exceed this temperature by at least 3 °C.

The heating system controls the incubation temperature from this temperature threshold up to 55 °C. The principle of air jacket heating and the additional, separate heating of the outer door and glass door/gas-tight screen minimize the risk of condensate formation at the side walls, at the ceiling of the work space, and at the glass door/gas-tight screen.

Relative humidity:

Water quality

The heating of the work space promotes the condensation of the water, thereby ensuring a constant humidity within the work space. For the running operation, always keep a sufficient quantity of processed water of the following quality available:

- HERAcell[®] 240i: quantity 4.5 l,
- HERAcell[®] 150i: quantity 3.0 l,

Water quality recommendation:

For trouble-free operation of the equipment, fill the water reservoir with sterilized destilled water or equivalent. The acceptable conductivity should be within the range of 1 to 20 μ S (resistivity within the range of 50 k Ω to 1 M Ω).



	NOTICE
	Termination of warranty!
	Using chlorinated tap water or additives that contain chlorine will void the manufacture warranty. Similarly, the use of ultrapure water whose conductivity is out of the range of 1 to 20 μ S (and whose resistivity is out of the range of 50 k Ω to 1 M Ω) will void the manufacture warranty. If you should have any questions, please contact Technical Support of Thermo Fisher Scientific.
	Under normal operating conditions and at the usual incubation temperature of 37 °C, a constant relative humidity of approx 93% is achieved in the work space. If dew formation occurs on the culture containers due to elevated relative humidity, the humidity in the work space can be adapted to a lower value by enabling the Low Humidity feature. The relative humidity in the work space is lowered from approx. 93% to approx. 90%. The modification requires an extended adaption phase. To ensure that it effectively prevents dew formation on culture containers, it must be used as a permanent setting.
CO ₂ -Work space atmosphere control	 CO₂ supply: To ensure the growth conditions for the cell and tissue cultures, the work space is supplied with CO₂. The pH of the bicarbonate-buffered culture media largely depends on the CO₂ content of the work space atmosphere. The CO₂ content of the work space atmosphere can be controlled within a range of 0 to 20%. The supplied CO₂ must have one of the following quality characteristics: Purity 99.5% min., medical gas quality.
O ₂ -Work space atmosphere control	O_2 supply: If the CO ₂ incubator is to be operated with more than 21% oxygen, the work space is supplied with oxygen. The O ₂ content of the work space atmosphere can be controlled within a range of 0 to 21%.
N ₂ -Work space atmosphere control	N_2 supply: If the oxygen content during operation is to be lowered to less than 21% (air oxygen content), the work space is supplied with nitrogen. The O ₂ content of the work space atmosphere can be controlled depending on the configuration of the sensor within a range of 1% to 21% and 5% to 90%.

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4.7 Door switch

A door switch [1] is installed at the upper edge of the work space opening. If the door switch is activated by opening the glass door, the gas supply and the heating of the work space are interrupted and the display shows a corresponding message.

If the door remains open for more than 30 seconds, a short audible alarm sounds. If the door remains open for more than 10 minutes, an audible alarm sounds and the alarm relay responds.

The outer door can only be closed after the glass door has been latched properly.

- NOTE -

Versions with gas-tight screen:

For devices with the optional gas-tight screen, the door switch function described above is activated when the outer door is opened.

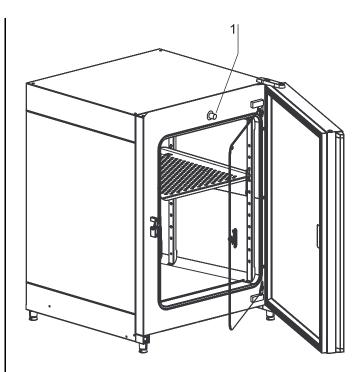


Fig. 10: Door switch



4.8 Sensor system

The blower wheel and two sensor modules are integral to the baseplate [1] of the measuring cell:

- Sensor [2] for the acquisition of the work space temperature and the thermal protection,
- CO₂ sensor [3] for the acquisition of the CO₂ content in the work space atmosphere.

The O_2 sensor (optional) [4] for the acquisition of the O_2 content in the work space atmosphere is installed at various locations next to the measuring cell:

- HERAcell[®] 150i in the sidewall in the upper area [5],
- HERAcell[®] 240i in the ceiling of the work space [4].

The sensor for the acquisition of the work space temperature as well as the CO_2 sensor and the O_2 sensor are integral to the control system of the device. Their measured values are compared to the selected set values. Based on this data, the control system controls heating and $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ supply. The blower intermixes the supplied gases and ensures an even temperature distribution within the work space.

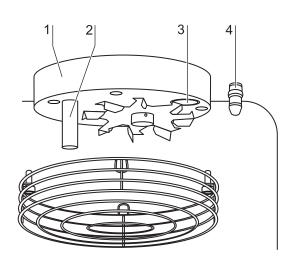
The thermal protection has been preprogrammed at the factory and cannot be changed. It protects the stored cultures from overheating.

If the set temperature is exceeded by more than 1°C, the thermal protection responds and the work space temperature is automatically reduced to the selected set value so that the incubation process can be continued even in case of a failure. Any response of the thermal protection will simultaneously trigger a visual alarm.

If the thermal protection is enabled:

- an error message is issued,
- the alarm relay responds.

If the error message is accepted, the display shows the Overtemperature icon to indicate the response of the thermal protection, and the temperature display is highlighted in red.



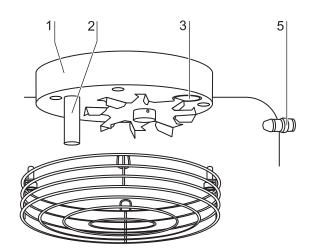


Fig. 11: Temperature, CO_2 , and O_2 sensors



4.9 Supply interface

All supply connections are installed in the supply interface (control box [1]) in the rear of the device.

Gas connection:

The gas supply lines between the device and the gas supply system are connected using the supplied connecting hoses. O_2/N_2 is supplied to the device through connecting sleeve [2]. CO_2 is connected to sleeve [3].

All process gases must be supplied to the device at a fixed pressure that has been preset within a range of 0.8 to 1.0 bar and must remain unchanged. Before the gases are fed into the work space, they flow through a gas inlet filter with a separation rate of 99.97 % for a particle size of 0.3 μ m (HEPA filter quality). The illustration shows the optional combined gas connection without the optional gas monitoring system.

Label:

The label [4] contains information about gas supply, an alarm contact terminal legend, and notes about the electrical fusing of the device.

RS 232 interface:

Via the RS 232 interface [5], the incubator can be connected to the serial interface of a PC. This connection allows the computer-aided acquisition and documentation of the major operating parameters (temperature, $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ concentration, error codes, etc.).

USB interface (optional):

As an alternative to the RS 232 interface [5], the incubator can be connected to a PC via the optional USB interface [6]. This connection - USB 1.1 / USB 2.0 full speed compatible - allows the computer-aided acquisition and documentation of the major operating parameters (temperature, $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ concentration, error codes, etc.).

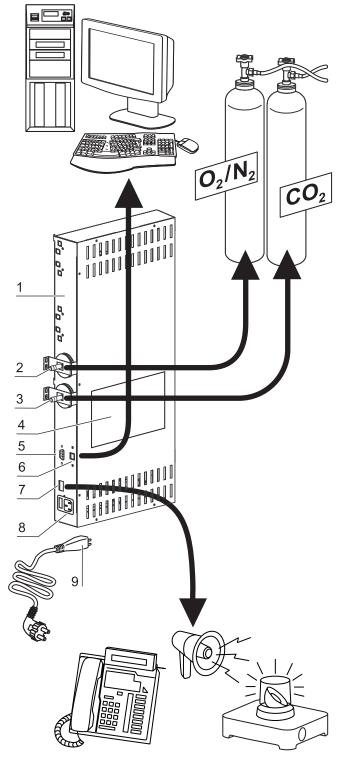


Fig. 12: Supply interface



External alarm system

Alarm contact:

Fig. 12: The device can be connected to an on-site, external alarm system (e.g. telephone system, building monitoring system, visual or audible alarm system).

For this purpose, a potential-free alarm contact [7] is preinstalled in the device.

- NOTE -

Alarm contact:

The alarm contact responds for all errors reported by the control loops (see chap. 7.13, pg. 95).

Power supply connection:

Fig. 12: The connection to the power supply system is established by connecting a cable with plug for IEC connector [9] to the socket [8]. The receptacle for the two device fuses is integral to the socket.



4.10 Work space components

The work space of the incubator has only a minimum of surface, thereby supporting both the prevention of contamination and easy, effective decontamination.

4.10.1 Interior container

All components of the work space are made of stainless steel and have a high-gloss polished, absolutely smooth and easy-to-clean surface. Any embossings have a large radius.

As an option, the interior container, the shelf system, and the blower wheel with its cover can be made of copper material.

Materials of the interior container

The standard version is equipped as follows:

• Interior container made from stainless steel. Materials with increased contamination protection are optionally available:

- Interior container made from stainless steel, with transparent *i*ONGURAD[™] silver ion coating,
- Interior container made from copper, combined with the following components also made from copper material: Shelf system and blower wheel with protective grid (cover).

NOTE -

Oxidation of copper components:

When exposed to heat and humid air, the copper material of the interior container will oxidize. This results in a discoloration of the copper components during the test run for checking the device functions. Do not remove the oxide layer during routine cleaning as the antimicrobial effect of the copper material is based on it.

The components of the shelf system can be removed easily so that only the easily treatable, surfacereduced interior container [1] remains in the work space for cleaning and manual disinfection works.

4.10.2 Optional split gas-tight screens

Equipment versions:

- HERAcell[®] 150i with 3-segment gas-tight screen [2],
- HERAcell[®] 240i with 6-segment gas-tight screen [3].

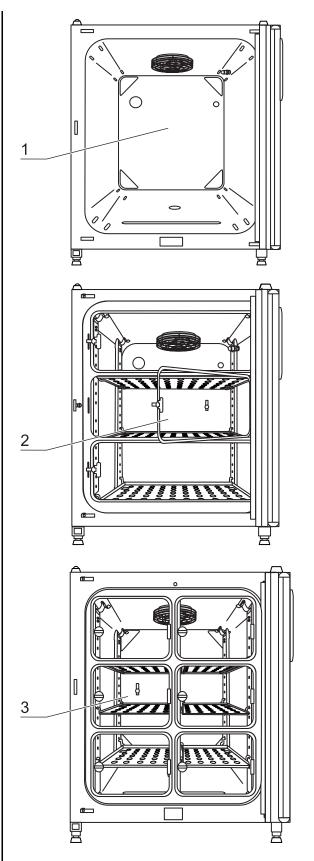


Fig. 13: Work space components



For devices that are equipped with the optional gastight

screen, the contamination hazard is considerably lower and the recovery times of the incubation parameters are shorter for:

- work space temperature,
- CO₂ concentration,
- O₂/N₂ concentration,
- relative humidity.

Advantage of the gas-tight screen: The cross sections of the openings are smaller when samples are accessed.

4.10.3 Water reservoir

The water reservoir [1] is integral to the interior container floor and inclines toward the rear. The water level is monitored by a water level sensor [2] that issues an alarm message at the display and an audible signal when the water falls below the minimal level. The embossings [3] in the water tray are used as indicators for the maximal level.

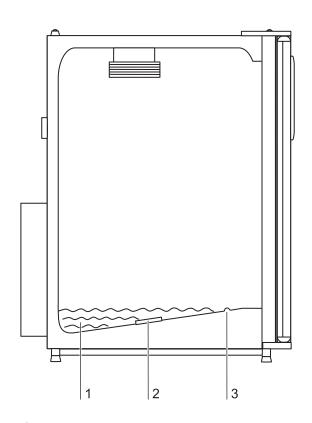
4.10.4 Gas humidification (optional, only for ${\rm O}_2$ control)

A hose [5] connects the gas humidification [6] to the device-integral oxygen or nitrogen supply line [4]. The inflowing oxygen or nitrogen is fed to the heated water. This ensures humidification of the gases as they enter the work space and prevents an undesired drop of the work space humidity.

4.10.5 Heating system

An air jacket heating is used for heating the work space. The arrangement of the heating elements ensures that condensate formation above the water reservoir is prevented as far as possible.

The outer door of the device is also heated. The heat radiated onto the interior glass door/gas-tight screen prevents condensate formation. The work space of the device always remains visible, despite high humidity.



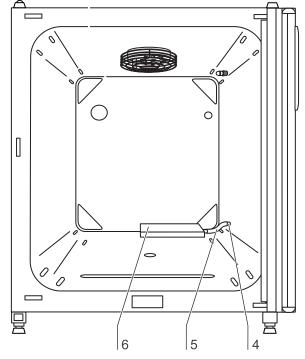


Fig. 14: Water reservoir



4.10.6 Rear panel openings

A pressure compensation opening with insert in the rear panel of the device allows a compensation between the pressures in the work space and in the operating room.

A sealable access port allows cables, hoses or additional sensors to be routed into the work space of the device.

HERAcell[®] 150i:

- access port, Ø 42 mm [1]
- pressure compensation opening [2]

HERAcell[®] 240i:

- access port, Ø 42 mm [3]
- pressure compensation openingt [4]

• NOTE

Operating conditions:

When accessories are to be operated in the work space of the CO_2 incubator, the ambient condition requirements must be observed (see table below). The energy introduced into the work space affects the beginning of the temperature control range. When additional heating sources are introduced into the work space, condensation (e.g. at the glass door) may occur.

Introduced energy	Control range of the temperature	
	General	Example: RT* = 21° C
0 W	RT + 3° C	24° C
5 W	RT + 6,5° C	27,5° C
10 W	RT + 9,5° C	30,5° C
15 W	RT + 13° C	34° C
20 W	RT + 16° C	37° C
*	RT = Ambient tempe	rature

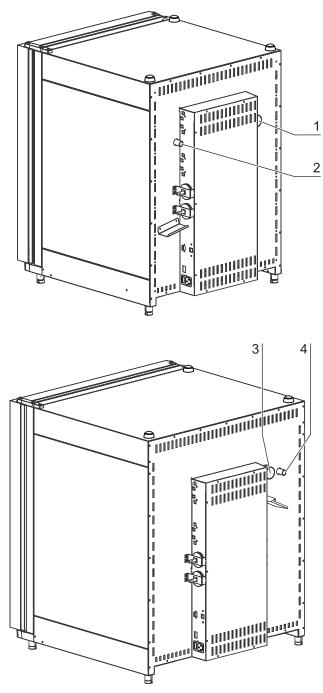


Fig. 15: Rear panel openings

4.10.7 Shelf system

Fig. 16: The support rails [1] of the shelf system are perforated every 42 mm so that the support hooks [8] can be inserted variably for any culture container size required. The shelves [2] have an integrated tilt protection and withdrawal stop. For details of the shelf system, see Section "Start-up".

4.10.8 Bottle turning device for HERAcell® 240i (optional)

Fig. 16: HERAcell[®] 240i may be equipped with up to four separate bottle turning devices. Each unit consists of a roller insert [6] with a drive roller [4] and four idle rollers [7] that are also rotated due to the transmission function of the inserted cylinders [5]. Each unit is controlled separately as the drive roller is connected to the device control unit by a connector [3] at the right side of the device.

This modular layout also allows the operation of only one bottle turning device in combination with several shelves.

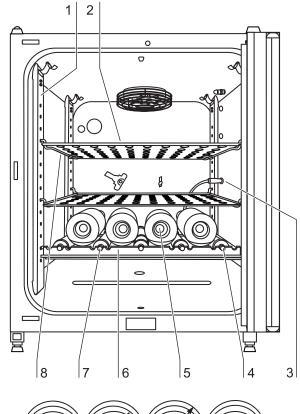
The arrangement of the idle rollers in the roller insert frame depends on the configuration of the cylinders used. The drive roller is always inserted into the right roller guide. The position and the number of the idle rollers in the frame then depend on the cylinder diameter and on the number of cylinders. The figure shows three examples of different idle roller positions in dependence of the cylinder diameter.

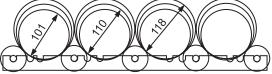
The arrangement of the roller inserts in the work space is designed alphabetically as a, b, c, and d with a being the lowest and d being the uppermost roller insert. The connections of the drive rollers are assigned correspondingly to the device control unit. The drive roller of the switching insert a must only be connected to the lower receptacle a of the corresponding control unit.

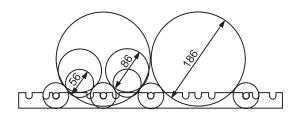
NOTE -

Connection assignment:

If the drive roller is not properly connected to the control unit, the parameters cannot be set correctly on the operating panel of the device.







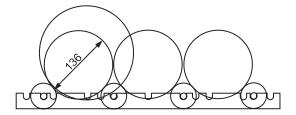


Fig. 16: Bottle turning device



Receptacles:

To prevent corrosion due to moisture in the work space, unassigned receptacles of the bottle turning device must always be plugged with the protective cap.

The rotating speed of the bottle turning devices is set depending on two parameters:

- Diameter (of the cylinders used),
- drive roller set value.

The value is determined using a diagram *(see chap. 5.5, pg. 52)*.

4.10.9 Water pump

Fig. 17: The water pump serves for suction cleaning of the remainig water in the water reservoir. The water drain works through gravity.

- 1. Place the water pump [1] on lowest shelf [5].
- 2. Feed the inlet hose [4] through a whole [7] of the lowest the shelf to the water reservoir [8].
- 3. Prepare a bucket [2].
- 4. Suck the water, therefore pump the water pump using the hand grip [6] about four times until water flows in the outlet hose.
- 5. Let the water run into the bucket [2] through gravity.
- 6. Wipe out the rests of the water at the floor plate of the water reservoir.

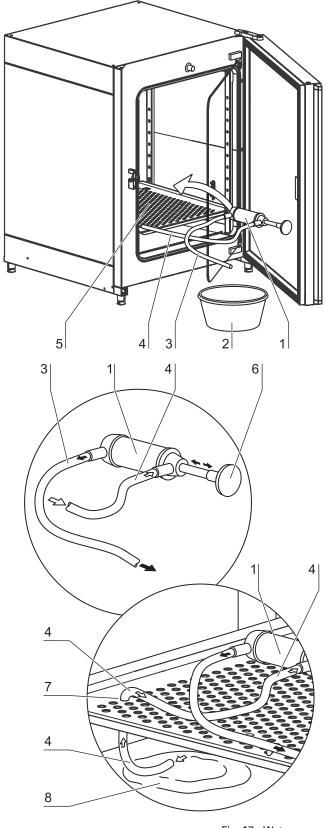


Fig. 17: Water pump



5.1 Let the device adapt to the ambient conditions

NOTICE

Let the device adapt to the ambient conditions!

The device must adapt to ambient conditions prior to start-up.

- Set up the device in the operating room and let it adapt to the expected operating room temperature
- for a period of approx. 2 hours prior to switching it on.
- Open the device doors.

5.2 Preparing the work space

7. Upon delivery, the CO₂ incubator is not in a sterile state. Before the initial start-up, the device must be decontaminated.

Before the decontamination is performed, the following work space components must be cleaned:

- · Support rails,
- support hooks,
- shelves,
- bottle turning assembly (optional),
- gas humidification (optional),
- work space surfaces,
- · work space seals and gaskets,
- glass door/gas-tight screen.

- NOTE -

Decontamination:

For details about the cleaning and disinfection of the device, (see chap. 9, pg. 101).



5.3 Installing the shelf system

Tools are not required for the installation of the shelf system. The support rails are secured using spring pressure. After the support hooks have been inserted into the rail, the shelves are pushed onto the support hooks.

5.3.1 Installation/removal of the support rail

The support rails are held at the sides by the embossings [2] and [5] and secured by the embossings [1] and [6]. The support rails marked with the diamond shape are inserted at the rear panel of the device with the locksprings [3] facing upward.

- 1. Position the support rail [4] onto the lower embossing [6] and tilt it toward the work space side wall so that the rail is positioned over the two embossings [5] and [2].
- 2. Clamp the lockspring [3] behind the upper embossing [1].
- 3. To remove the support rails, pull the lockspring tab down out of the embossing and remove the rail.

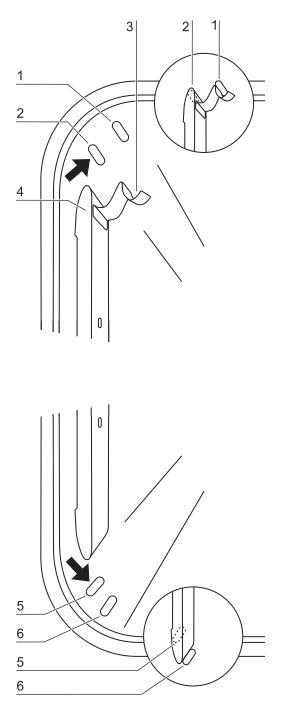


Fig. 18: Support rail installation/removal



5.3.2 Installing the shelf supports:

- 1. **Fig. 19**: Insert the shelf supports [3] into the perforations [1] of the support rail with the bar facing down.
- 2. Make sure that the two vertical elements [2] of the shelf support are flush with the support rail.

Installing the shelves:

- 1. Push the shelf [4] onto the shelf supports with the tilt protection [5] facing the rear panel of the device. The tilt protection [5] is also used as a guide for the shelf.
- 2. Slightly raise the shelf so that the withdrawal stop[6] can be routed over the shelf supports.
- 3. Make sure that the shelf support is positioned in the two tilt protections in a way that allows it to move freely.

5.3.3 Levelling the device

- 1. Position a bubble level onto the center shelf or onto the roller holder.
- Rotate the adjustable device stands using the supplied 24 mm wrench until the shelf is positioned horizontally in all directions. Perform the adjustment of the device stands from left to right and from rear to front.

5.4 Installing the gas humidification (optional, only for O₂/N₂-control)

Fig. 20: The gas humidification [1] is installed to the water tray parallel to the rear panel of the device. The position to the right side wall is predetermined by the hose length.

- Install hose [2] to the sleeve of the gas humidification and then to the sleeve [3] of the device-integral oxygen or nitrogen supply line.
- 2. Place gas humidification immediately to the rear panel of the device and align it parallel to the rear panel.

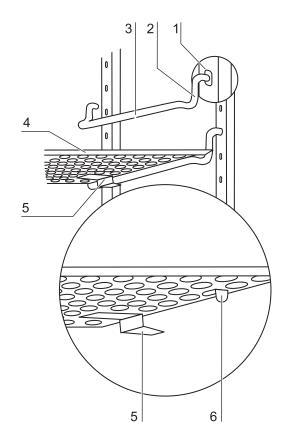


Fig. 19: Shelf support installation

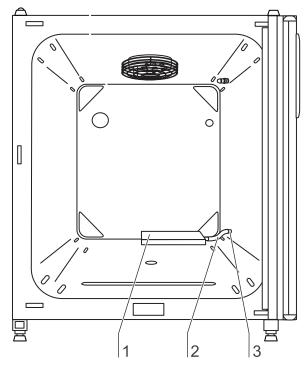


Fig. 20: Installing gas humidification



5.5 Installing the optional bottle turning devices HERAcell[®] 240i

- 1. Align the roller insert so that the roller holder [8] and the crossmember [7] are flush and facing the work space opening.
- 2. Slide the roller insert with both guide rails [5] onto the shelf supports.
- 3. Slightly raise the roller insert so that the withdrawal stop can be routed over the shelf support.
- 4. Insert the drive roller [6] into the right receptacle and connect the cable [4] to the corresponding control unit **a**.
- 5. Insert the four idle rollers [3] the into receptacles and position the rollers in the receptacles in accordance with the bottle diameter.
- Place the bottles onto the rollers. To ensure that the bottles will not be shifted against each other by the rotation, the bottoms of the bottles should contact the stop disks [2] of the rollers and the cylinder necks [1] should contact the rubber stop rings [8]. The stop ring can be positioned accordingly on the roller.

Set speed of the bottle turning device:

- 7. The rotating speed of the bottle turning devices is set depending on two parameters:
 - Diameter (of the bottles used),
 - drive roller set value.

Use of diagram:

- 8. The diagram shows the common bottle diameters as different graphs (ascending straight).
 - Set the desired speed at the Y axis. Read the corresponding set value (in %) from the X axis at the point of intersection of the Y value with the specific graph.

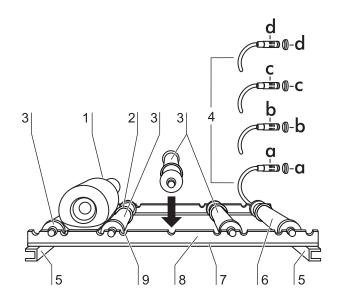


Fig. 21: Installing the bottle turning devices



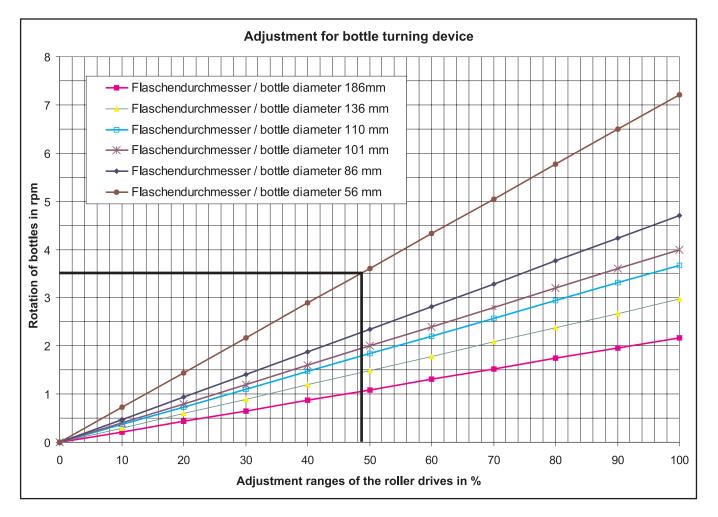


Fig. 22: Bottle turning speed

Example:

- Bottle diameter: 56 mm
- Desired speed: 3.5 rpm
- Determined set value: 48%

In the dialog box **SPEED BOTTLE TURN. DEVICE**, the value 48% is set *(see chap. 7.11.3, pg. 85)*.



5.6 Installing the optional center strut HERAcell[®] 240i for split inserts

If HERAcell[®] 240i is equipped with the optional 6-segment insert, two center struts [1] with perforations at each side must be installed.

In this case the shelf support rails must be installed to the support rails at the sides and at the left and right side of the strut.

The support rails marked with the diamond shape are installed at the rear panel of the device.

- 1. A pressure spring keeps the upper rectangular guide [3] of the center strut under tension. Insert this guide into the receptacle [2] in the work space ceiling und push it slightly upward so that it is pushed into the center strut.
- 2. Then, position the lower rod guide [5] of the center strut into the hole [6] in the work space floor and remove spring tension.
- 3. The center strut is stabilized by the spring pressure.

- NOTE -

Configuration with split inserts:

For versions with split inserts, bottle turning devices cannot be installed.

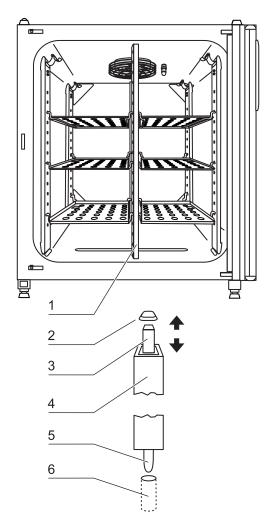


Fig. 23: Center strut installation

5.7 Gas connection

NOTE

Gas quality:

The gases must have one of the following qualities:

- Purity 99.5 % min,
- medical gas quality.

A CAUTION

Overpressure!

The operating pressure of the gas applied to the device must not exceed 1 bar. If the gas is supplied at a higher pressure, the valves integral to the device may not close correctly and the gas supply control may be impaired.

Set the gas supply to a range between 0.8 bar min. and 1.0 bar max. and make sure that this pressure setting cannot be changed!

5.7.1 Installing gas pressure hoses

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is achieved using the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses:

- 1. Connect the gas pressure hose [2] to the sleeve of the gas supply system.
- 2. Remove the protective cap [3] from the sterile filter.
- 3. Slide the hose clamp [1] onto the gas pressure hose and connect hose to the sleeve [4] of the sterile

filter [5].

4. Secure the gas pressure hose to the sleeve of the sterile filter using the hose clamp.

– NOTE –

Pressure compensation opening:

To ensure permanent pressure compensation, the pressure compensation opening must not be connected to an exhaust air system. The pipe of the

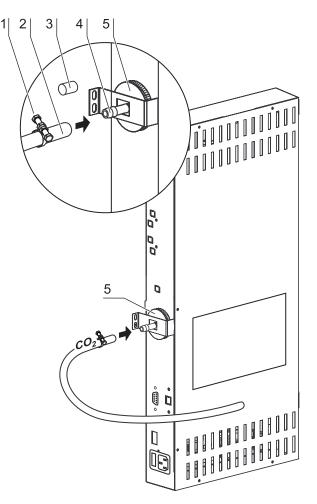


Fig. 24: Installing gas pressure hoses





pressure compensation opening must not be extended or redirected.

5.7.2 Installing devices without the optional gas monitoring system

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is established using the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses *(see chap. 5.7.1, pg. 55)*:

CO_2 connection:

• For a device with CO₂ connection, connect the gas supply to the sterile filter [2] in accordance with the connection diagram [1].

Combined CO_2 and O_2/N_2 connection (optional):

For a combined $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ connection, proceed as follows in accordance with the connection diagram [3]:

- Connect the O₂/N₂ supply line to the upper gas inlet filter [4],
- connect the CO₂ supply line to the lower gas inlet filter [5].

NOTE

Manual gas monitoring:

On devices without the optional gas monitoring system, there is no automatic gas monitoring. Therefore, the filling level of the gas bottles must be checked every day.

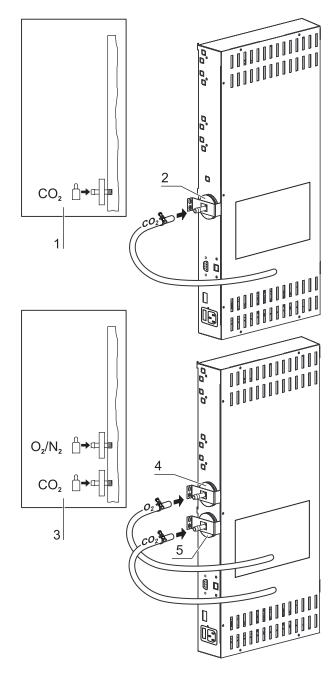


Fig. 25: Gas connection without gas monitoring system



5.7.3 CO₂ connection with gas monitoring system (optional)

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is established by the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses.

Fig. 26: Devices with CO_2 connections that are equipped with the optional gas monitoring system are connected according to the connection diagram [7].

CO_2 connection:

For a device that is operated with process gas CO₂ and equipped with the optional gas monitoring system, connect the gas supply lines as follows:

- Distributor connection [5] for the CO₂ gas supply for up to three additional devices. For looping the gas supply through, interconnect the devices with a gas pressure hose.
- Connect the gas container **B** to the upper connection [2] of the gas monitoring system,
- connect the gas container **A** to the lower connection [3] of the gas monitoring system.
- The outlet of the gas monitoring system [4] is connected at the factory to the gas inlet filter [5] by a short gas pressure hose [6].

- NOTE -

Looping the gas supply through:

By looping the gas supply through, up to 4 devices can be supplied by a CO₂ gas supply.

5.7.4 Combined $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ connection with gas monitoring system (optional)

The gas supply from the gas supply system to the device is established by the supplied flexible gas pressure hoses (see chap. 5.6.1, pg. 47). **Fig. 27**: Devices with the combined $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ connection that are equipped with the optional gas monitoring system are connected according to connection diagram [13] and have the following gas connections:

O_2/N_2 supply:

- Distributor connection [1] for the O₂/N₂ gas supply for up to three additional devices. For looping the gas supply through, interconnect the devices with a gas pressure hose.
- Connect the gas container B [2] to the upper

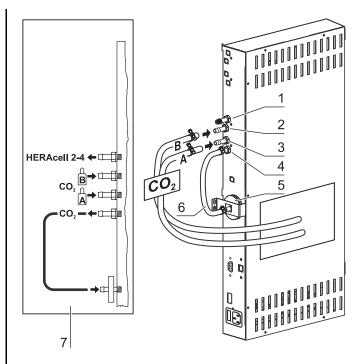


Fig. 26: Gas connection with gas monitoring system (optional)



connection of the gas monitoring system,

- connect the gas container A [3] to the lower connection of the gas monitoring system,
- The outlet of the gas monitoring system [4] is connected at the factory to the gas inlet filter [9] by a short gas pressure hose [11].

CO₂ supply:

- Distributor connection [5] for the CO₂ gas supply for up to three additional devices. For looping the gas supply through, interconnect the devices with a gas pressure hose.
- Connect the gas container B to the upper connection [6] of the gas monitoring system,
- connect the gas container A to the lower connection [7] of the gas monitoring system.
- The outlet of the gas monitoring system [8] is connected at the factory to the gas inlet filter [10] by a short gas pressure hose [12].

NOTE

Looping the gas supply through:

By looping the gas supply through, up to 4 devices (see annex at the end of this section) cyn be supplied by a CO_2 gas supply or O_2/N_2 gas supply.

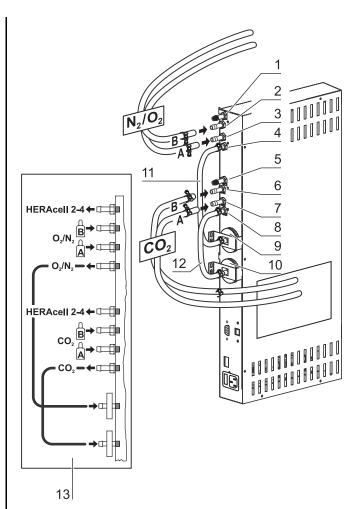


Fig. 27: Combined connection with gas monitoring system (optional)



5.8 Power supply connection

WARNING

Electric shock!

Contact with current-carrying components may cause a lethal electric shock. Before connecting the device to the power supply, check plug and power supply cable for damage. Do not use damaged components when

connecting the device to the power supply!

The device must be connected only to a correctly installed and grounded power supply source:

- Fusing T 10 A
- Circuit breaker B 16

Connection to the power supply system:

- Before connecting the device to the power supply, check to see if the voltage of the power supply corresponds with the specifications on the nameplate on the front of the device. If the ratings given for voltage (V) and current (A) are not correct, the device must not be connected to the power supply.
- 2. Connect the IEC connector [2] to the socket [1] of the control box of the device.
- 3. Connect the grounding plug [3] of the power supply cable to a correctly grounded and fused socket.
- 4. Make sure the power supply cable is not subjected to tensile or compressive force.

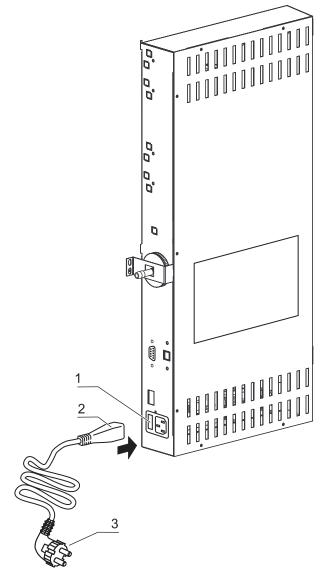


Fig. 28: Power supply connection

5



	5.9 Connecting the RS 232 interface
Data communication via RS 232	The RS 232 data communication interface has been designed for a cable connection with 9-pin connector and a contact assignment of 1:1. Data exchange is accomplished by a predefined structure of command sequences (see annex at the end of this section).
	NOTE
	Data communication diagram:
	The command sequence syntax as well as the RS 232 interface data communication diagram are described in the annex at the end of this section.
	 Connecting the devices: Turn the PC off. Connect the serial interface cable connector (not included in the standard equipment) to the socket at the device supply interface at the rear of the device. Connect the second connector to an unassigned serial port COM 1 / COM 2 etc. at the PC. Turn the PC on.
	5.10 Connecting the USB interface (optional)
Data communication via USB	As an alternative to data communication via RS 232 interface, the devices can be equipped with the optional USB interface. The USB interface complies with Standard USB 1.1 and is compatible with Standard USB 2.0 (full speed). The interface stepping rate can be changed within the defined baud rates (9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 baud). Data exchange is accomplished via a defined command sequence structure (frames). The command sequences correspond with the RS 232 interface installation diagram (see annex at the end of this section). Using the USB interface for data communication between a PC and the device a driver must be installed first (see annex data communication).





5.11 Connecting the alarm contact

– NOTE –

Skilled work:

Thermo Scientific warrants the operational safety and the operativeness of the device only if installation and repairs are performed properly.

The connection of the device to an external alarm system must only be carried out by adequately trained and authorized expert electrical/telecommunication personnel!

Function:

When system errors and failures occur in the temperature or gas control circuits, an alarm message is issued to the connected alarm/monitoring system. The potential-free contact (1 changeover contact) has been designed for the following circuits:

Alarm relay:

Circuit	Voltage	External fusing
Circuits with system voltage	max. 250 V ~	max. 6 A
"SELV circuits	25 V ~	max. 2 A
(cf. VDE 0100, Part 410)"	60 V =	max. 1 A
SELV E – circuits	50 V ~	max. 1 A
(cf. VDE 0100, Part 410)"	120 V =	max. 0,5 A

Operating states	Contact 4 - 1	Contact 4 - 3
Operating state power failure "off"	Х	0
Operating state power failure "on"	0	Х
Failure: power failure "off"	0	Х
Failure: power failure "on"	Х	0
X: Contact closed / O: Contact open		

- NOTE -----

Switching structure:

The alarm relay switches for all failures reported by the control loops (see chap. 7.13, pg. 95).



Connection example:

The connector [5] for the connecting cable is included in the standard equipment. The values for the operating voltage of the external circuits and of the fusing of the alarm system are given in the table on the previous page.

- 1. Connect the individual conductors [1] to [4] of the connecting cable as shown in the wiring diagram.
- 2. Connect the connector [5] of the alarm system connecting cable to the interface [6] at the control box at the rear panel of the device.

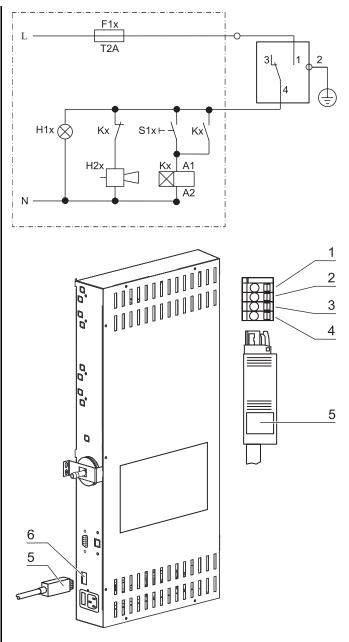


Fig. 29: Connection example

6 Operation



	6.1 Preparing the device
	The device must only be released for operation after all major measures for the start-up have been taken (see Section 5, page 45).
Device check	 Device check: Prior to starting operation, the following device components must be checked for their correct function Gas hoses must be seated tight on the connecting filter and must be secured using a hose clamp. The access port must be capped. The pressure compensation opening must be permeable, its insert must be installed in the work space. The glass door/gas-tight screen seal must not be damaged. The shelf system components must be installed safely. The gas humidification (optional) must be connected to the device-integral gas supply and aligned parallel to the rear panel. The drive rollers of the bottle turning device (optional) must be properly connected to the corresponding control unit. The idle rollers of the bottle turning device (optional) must be properly connected in accordance with the cylinder diameters.
Decontamination	Run the contra-con decontamination routine <i>(see chap. 9.4, pg. 104)</i> or decontaminate the work space according to the hygiene regulations set forth by the operator.
	NOTE
	Hygiene regulations: Prior to any operation, the user must clean and disinfect the work space in accordance with the hygiene regulations set forth by the operator to protect the cultures. The "Principles of good microbiological proceedings" at the annex of these instructions can be used as safety information for personnel working with the device.
	Water supply:
	 A sufficient quantity of treated water of the following quality must always be available for the running operation: distilled, fully demineralized, and autoclaved, sterile. When the filling level drops below a minimum value, it must be possible to top up water during the work process. Capacities: HERAcell[®] 150i: 3.0 I HERAcell[®] 240i: 4.5 I





	6.2 Starting operation
	 Fill the water tray with a sufficient quantity of processed water. Do not exceed the upper level mark. Make sure that the CO₂/O₂/N₂ supply system valves are open. Turn the device on using the power switch. Set the set values for temperature and CO₂ / O₂ content on the iCan[™] touchscreen. Start contra-con.
Starting with auto-start	 Starting the device: 6. Start the device with the auto-start routine <i>(see chap. 7.9.1, pg. 75)</i>. 7. The progress indicator auto-start appears on the display, and the automatic start routine is run. 8. The temperature control adjusts the temperature to the selected set value, humidity rises. 9. When temperature and relative humidity are constant, the automatic adjustment of the CO₂ / O₂ measuring system is performed 10. The CO₂ / O₂ control supplies the set amount of CO₂ / O₂. 11. If the auto-start routine has been completed, the progress indicator is hidden, and the main menu is displayed. The device is operational.
Loading the work space	Loading the device: 12. Load the work space with cultures or place bottles onto the bottle turning device rollers.
	NOTE
	Duration of the auto-start routine:
	When the device is cold and when the ambient temperature is low, the auto-start routine may take up to 10 hours.
	Loading:
	To ensure sufficient air circulation and even heating of the samples, the loading surface within the work space should be used up to 70% max. Voluminous objects in the work space that dissipate heat may impair heat distribution.



Handling and control (iCan™ touchscreen controller)

7.1 Power switch

Fig. 30: Depending on which side the door hinges are installed, the power switch [1] is integral to the front cover [2] of one of the front device stands.

- To turn the device on: Press the power switch [1]; the switch illumination comes on.
 - After a short audible signal and a short dark phase, the touchscreen display appears.
 - The control loop sensors pass the heat-up phase (see chap. 7.4, pg. 68)
- To turn the device off: Press the power switch; the switch illumination goes off

7.2 Operating panel and operating structure

Fig. 31: The control panel works as a touchscreen (iCan[™] touchscreen) and can be controlled performing light pressure on the pressure-sensitive areas of the screen using a finger or a blunt pin:

- Temperature display [1],
- CO₂ display [3],
- O₂ display [5] (optional).
- contra-con key [2]
- menu key [4]
- auto-start key [6],

NOTE

Extended pressure-sensitive area:

To accept a failure message, the entire touchscreen can be used as a pressuresensitive area.

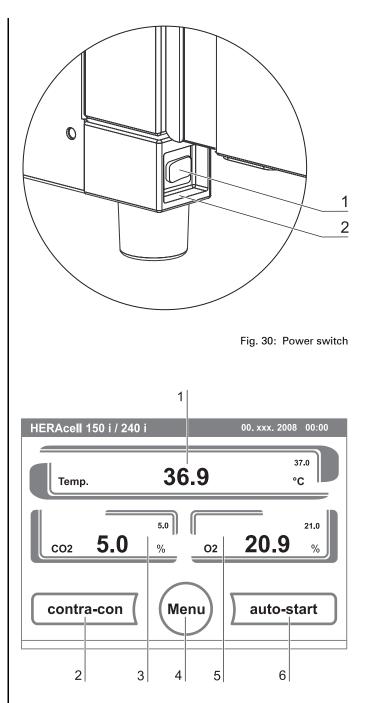


Fig. 31: Pressure-sensitive areas

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Versions without O_2/N_2 control:

Fig. 32: Function keys and value displays of the operating panel for a device version without O_2/N_2 gas supply:

- [1] Type designation of the device
- [2] Temperature display
- [3] CO₂ display
- [4] Key for starting the contra-con decontamination routine
- [5] Key for opening the menu navigation
- [6] Key for starting the auto-start routine
- [7] Actual value CO₂
- [8] Set value CO₂
- [9] Temperature actual value
- [10] Temperature set value
- [11] Current date and time

Version with combined $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ control (optional):

Fig. 33: Function keys and value displays of the operating panel of a device version with combined $CO_2/O_2/N_2$ gas supply:

- [1] Type designation of the device
- [2] Temperature display
- [3] CO₂ display
- [4] CO₂ set value
- [5] CO_2^- actual value
- [6] Key for starting the contra-con decontamination routine
- [7] Key for opening the menu navigation
- [8] Key for starting the auto-start routine
- [9] O₂ display
- [10] O2 actual value
- [11] O₂ set value
- [12] Temperature actual value
- [13] Temperature set value
- [14] Current date and time

Structure of the operating levels:

Fig. 34: Operation is divided into three levels:

- A: Direct access to the control loop settings: Temperature, CO₂, O₂ set value and bottle turing device (optional),
- **B**: Start of the device routines contra-con or autostart,
- **C**: Navigation through the submenus for device configuration.

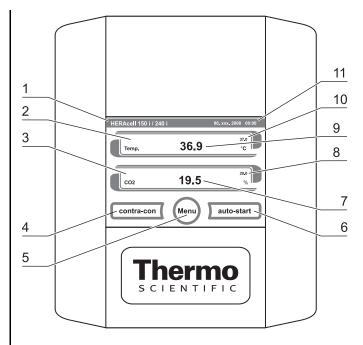


Fig. 32: iCan^M touchscreen withoutO₂/N₂gas supply

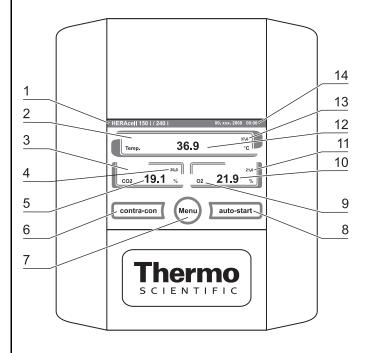
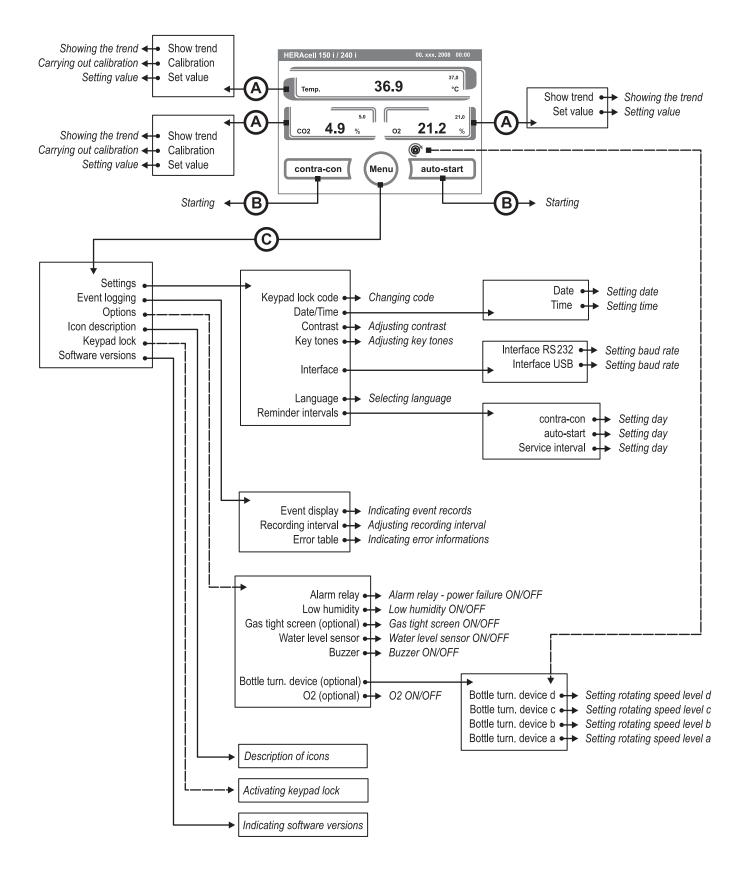


Fig. 33: iCan[™] touchscreen with combined gas connection



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7.3 Factory presettings of the iCan[™] touchscreen controls

Upon delivery of the device, the following set values have been preset:

- Temperature: 37 °C
- CO₂ content: 0.0%
- O₂ content (optional): 21.0%
- Optional bottle turningdevice speed a, b, c, and d: 0%.

NOTE

CO_2/O_2 control:

Since the CO_2 concentration of the air is nearly 0%, the CO_2 control and the control loop error monitoring system are disabled at a set value of 0%.

Since the O_2 concentration of the air is nearly 21%, the O_2 control and the control loop error monitoring system are disabled at a set value of 21%.

7.4 Heat-up phase of the control loop sensors

When the device has been switched on, the control loop sensors pass through a heat-up phase of varying duration during the start process:

Temperature control loop	10 s
CO ₂ control loop	10 s
CO ₂ control loop with IR measuring cell	3 min
O ₂ control loop	5 min

The start process is indicated by an audible signal. During the heat-up phase, the displays show dots (...) instead of values:

- Temperature display [2],
- CO₂ display [1] and
- O₂ display [3]

After the heat-up phase has been completed, the control loop actual values are indicated.

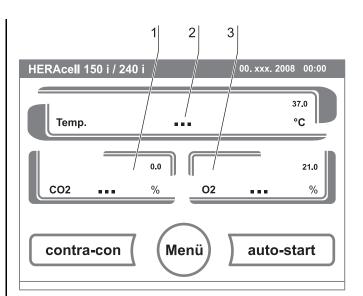


Fig. 35: Heat-up phase display

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	NOTE
	Exposure to CO ₂ gas:
	During the 5-minute heat-up phase of the O ₂ control loop, the work space is not exposed to CO ₂ gas and the CO ₂ control and is disabled.
7.5	Event actions for settings
Press • V	response: sing a key can increase or reduce a value gradually: Vhen the – key [4] or the + key [6] is kept depressed, the system
• a	witches to quick run, fter the key has been kept depressed for more than 3 seconds, the juick run speed increases.
	NOTE
	Saving the settings:
	To save changed values, press the Enter key.
	Resetting the settings:
	Unless a user action (contact with the pressure-sensitive areas and keys) occurs within 30 seconds, the system automatically exits the menu and the most recently confirmed setting defaults.

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7.6 Setting the temperature set value

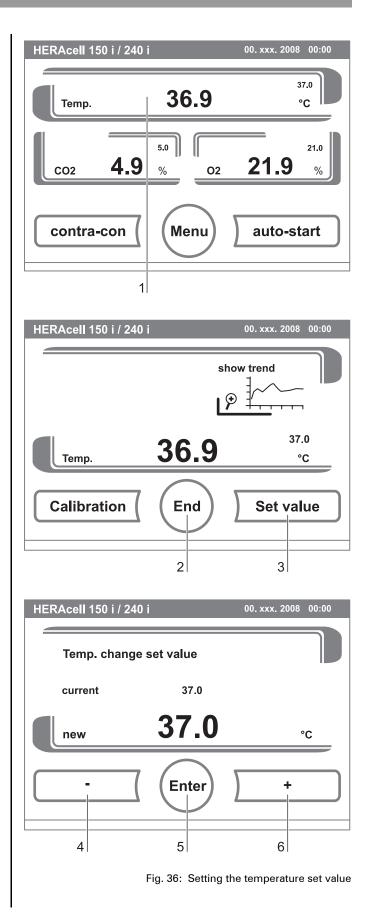
- 1. Press the **TEMPERATURE DISPLAY** key [1].
 - The Temperature menu is displayed.
- 2. To exit the Temperature menu:
 - Press the **END** key [2].
- 3. To set the temperature set value:
 ▶ Press the SET VALUE key [3].

To increase the set value:

Press the + key [6].

To reduce the set value:

- ▶ Press the key [4].
- 4. To accept and save the set value:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [5].
 - The system returns to the main menu. The temperature displays shows the actual value currently measured in the work space.





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7.7 Setting the CO₂ set value

- 1. Press the CO_2 **DISPLAY** key [1].
 - The CO₂ menu is displayed.
- 2. To exit the CO₂ menu:
 - Press the END key [2].
- 3. To set the CO₂ set value:
 ▶ Press the SET VALUE key [3].

To increase the set value:

Press the + key [6].

To reduce the set value:

- ▶ Press the key [4].
- 4. To accept and save the set value:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [5].
 - The system returns to the main menu. The CO₂ display shows the actual value currently measured in the work space.

NOTE -

Deactivating the CO₂ control loop:

To deactivate the \mbox{CO}_2 control, the set value is set to 0%.

If the control loop is deactivated, error monitoring is enabled as well.

Gas monitoring:

The switching state of the CO_2 control loop does not affect the function of the optional gas monitoring system. The gas monitoring system remains active even when the CO_2 control is switched off.

For set values of 21% O_2 , the O_2 control is switched off and error monitoring is disabled as well.

The control loop error monitoring system (optional) is enabled.

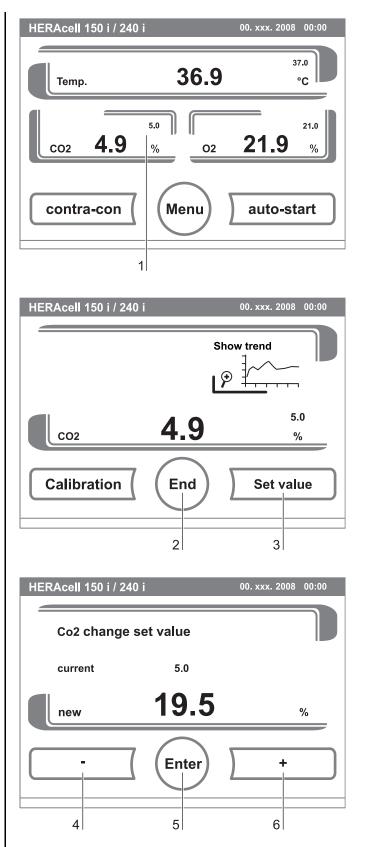


Fig. 37: Setting the CO_2 set value



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7.8 Setting the O₂ set value

This setting is possible only on versions with the optional $O_2\!/N_2$ control.

1. Press the O_2 **DISPLAY** key [1].

- ► The O₂ menu is displayed.
- 2. To exit the O₂ menu:
 - ▶ Press the END key [2].

3. To set the O₂ set value:

• Press the **SET VALUE** key [3].

To increase the set value:

Press the + key [6].

To reduce the set value:

- ▶ Press the key [4].
- 4. To accept and save the set value:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [5].
 - The system returns to the main menu. The O₂ displays shows the actual value currently measured in the work space.

NOTE -

Factory settings:

Depending on the type of the O_2 sensor, one of the two O_2 control ranges has been preset at the factory: Control range I: 1% to 21% Control range II: 5% to 90%

Usage of the process gases:

For set values below 21% O_2 , the device must be connected to a nitrogen supply system.

For set values above $21\% O_2$, the device must be connected to an oxygen supply system.

Since the O2 concentration of the air is nearly 21%, the O2 control and the control loop error monitoring system are disabled at a set value of 21%.

The control loop error monitoring system (optional) is enabled.

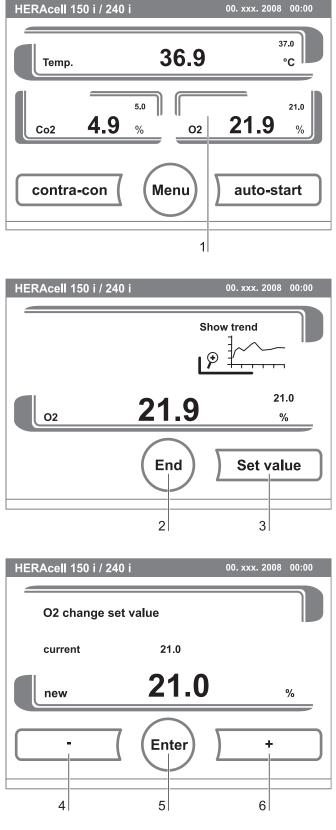


Fig. 38: Setting the O_2 set value



7.9 Auto-start routine

The auto-start function is an automated routine for the start and the subsequent adjustment of the CO_2 measuring system. After the start, the device control adjusts the temperature to the set value while humidity is generated. When temperature and relative humidity have reached constant values, the CO_2 measuring system is automatically adjusted to these values, and the work space is supplied with the preset quantity of CO_2 .

– NOTE —

Application of the auto-start routine:

To ensure that the specified accuracy of the CO_2 measuring system is maintained, the device should always be started using the auto-start routine if

- a difference of more than 1 °C is entered upon setting the temperature set value,
- the Low Humidity function is enabled/disabled,
- the device is restarted after an extended interruption of operation.

The auto-start routine should be run at least every three months on the occasion of cleaning and maintenance works.

Duration of the routine:

Running the routine usually takes 5 to 7 hours. At low room temperatures and when the device is cold, it may take up to 10 hours until the auto-start routine has been completed. If the glass door is opened or if the power supply of the device is interrupted while the routine is running, the routine is interrupted and rerun after the glass door has been closed or the power supply has been reestablished.

Start conditions for the auto-start routine:

Prior to running the auto-start routine, set the CO_2 and O_2 set values to the desired values and make sure that the atmosphere in the work space only consists of ambient air. The floorpan of the device must be filled with a sufficient quantity of water.

Conditions that prevent the start of the auto-start routine:

The auto-start routine cannot be started if one of the following failure conditions exists.

Temperature control loop:

- Sensor breakage,
- actual value above set value (excessive deviation),
- actual value below set value (excessive deviation),

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- set value not plausible,
- calibration values too high or too low,
- sensor communication failure,
- sensor parameter not plausible,
- no communication with LM 75.

Control loop for CO₂ gas supply:

• No communication with sensor.

In this case, the auto-start key is dimmed and its function is not available.

Faulty cancellation of the auto-start routine:

The auto-start is cancelled if:

- · an error is detected in the temperature control loop,
- an error is detected in the CO₂ control loop,
- the water filling level is insufficient.

auto-start-Dry execution of auto-start routine:

If the auto-start routine is to be run dry (without water in the floorpan of the work space), the water level sensor must be disabled prior to its start (see chap. 7.11.3, pg. 85).



7.9.1 Activating auto-start Preparations for the start:

1. Make sure that the CO_2 -/ O_2 -/ N_2 gas supply system valves are open.

- 2. Fill the floorpan of the work space with a sufficient quantity of water. The filling level must not exceed the upper filling level mark.
- 3. Set the set values for temperature, CO_2 and O_2 on the touchscreen.

auto-start routine activation:

- 1. Press the auto-start key [2].
 - The auto-start-instruction menu [1] is displayed.
- 2. To exit the auto-start-instruction menu and cancel auto-start:
 - Press the **END** key [4].
- 3. Activate the auto-start routine:
 - Press the START key [3].
- 4. To air the work space, open both device doors.
- 5. When the audible alarm sounds after 30 seconds, close both device doors.
 - The trend status indicator [5] is displayed.
- 6. During the progress, the status indicator displays the following information:
 - Temperature,
 - start time.

- NOTE -

Cancellation:

The auto-start routine can be cancelled at any time! Press the Stop key [6].

Automatic restart:

The auto-start routine is restarted automatically if the routine is cancelled due to one of the following events:

• The glass door is opened,

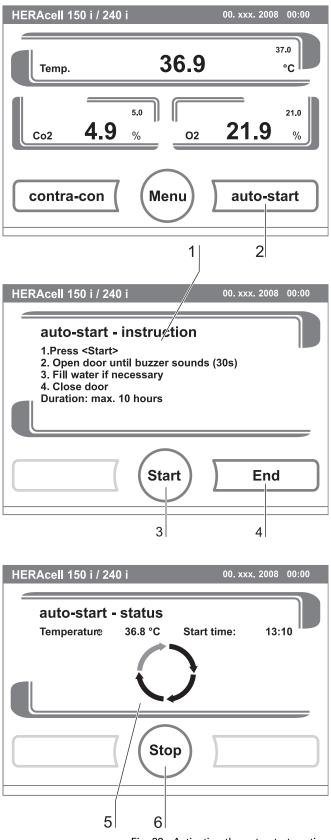


Fig. 39: Activating the auto-start routine



- the outer door is opened on a device with optional gas-tight screen,
- the power supply is interrupted.

7.9.2 Interrupting the auto-start routine

If the **Stop** key in the status display is depressed (see above), the auto-start routine is interrupted and the auto-start stop dialog box is displayed for a safety scan. The routine can now be permanently cancelled or resumed.

- 1. To resume the auto-start routine:
 - Press the **BACK** key [1].
 - The system returns to the status display, and the auto-start routine is resumed.
- 2. To cancel the auto-start routine:
 - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
 - The warning triangle [3] is displayed as a failure message together with the audible signal.
- 3. To accept the failure message:
 - Press any position on the display.
 - The ERROR dialog box with the description of the error is displayed.
- 4. To end the auto-start routine:
 - ▶ Press the **END** key [4].
 - The system returns to the main menu.

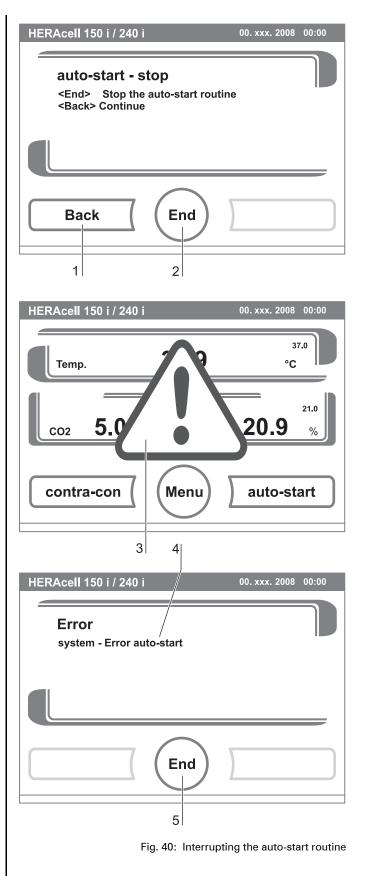
7.10 Running the contra-con routine

contra-con is an automatic decontamination routine for disinfecting the device work space. For a detailed description of this device function, *(see chap. 9.4, pg. 104)*.

7.11 User configuration

The user configuration settings allow the user interface and the additional device functions to be adjusted to the requirements of everyday operation. The user configuration menu is split into six categories:

- · Settings,
- Event logging,
- Options,
- · Icon description,





· Keypad lock,

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• Software versions.

To make a user-specific setting in a dialog box, navigate through the submenus listed in the illustrations and open the dialog box.

7.11.1 Settings

The input dialogs of the **SETTINGS** category comprise all settings for the individual configuration of the user display screen and the user interface:

- · Keypad lock coding,
- Date/time setting,
- Contrast setting,
- Key tone setting,
- Interface configuration,
- User display screen language setting,
- Reminder interval setting.

Changing the keypad lock code:

The keypad lock prevents the unauthorized changing of the operational settings. Only those keys are locked where values can be entered.

The keypad is locked by entering four numbers.

• Upon delivery, the default code is: 0000.

This default can be changed into a user-defined code that is then enabled using the **KEYPAD LOCK** dialog box *(see chap. 7.11.5, pg. 92)*.

- 1. To enter the default 0000:
 - Press the corresponding numeric keys.
 - The number combination is displayed hidden in the input box [1].

2. To delete the input numbers:

- ▶ Press the **DELETE** key [2] .
- 3. To exit the menu:
 - Press the BACK key [4].

4. To confirm the input:

- Press the **ENTER** key [3].
- The system changes to the **CODE NEW** menu.

Entering the new 4-digit code:

- Press the corresponding numeric keys.
- The number combination is displayed in the input box [1].

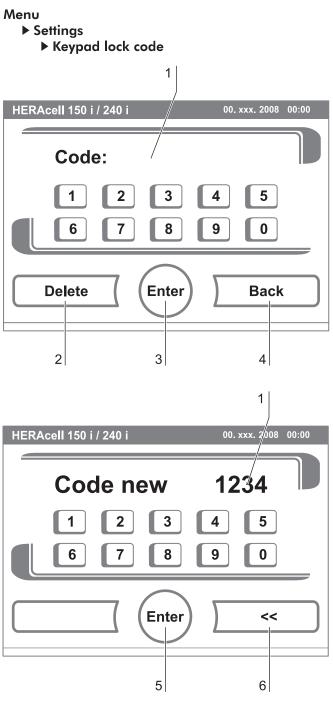


Fig. 41: Changing the code

Fig. 41: To set the cursor to the left to overwrite a value:

- 5. Press the BACKSPACE key (<<) [6].
- 6. To accept and save the input value:
 - ▶ Press the **ENTER** key [5].
 - The system returns to the Settings menu.

NOTE -

Changing the user-defined code:

The user-defined code can be changed as often as required using the same procedure:

- Activate the recoding function by entering the valid code,
- enter the new code and confirm it.

Setting date / time:

The input dialog allows date and time to be set to the required time zone.

- 1. Fig. 42: To enter the date:
 - Press the numeric key [2].
 - The input numbers are displayed in the input box [1].
- 2. To set the cursor to the left to overwrite a value:
 - ▶ Press the BACKSPACE key (<<) [4].
- 3. To accept and save the input value:
 - Press the ENTER key [3].
- 4. The system returns to the Date/Time menu.
- 5. Enter the time accordingly.
- 6. To accept and save the input value:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
 - The system returns to the Date/Time menu.

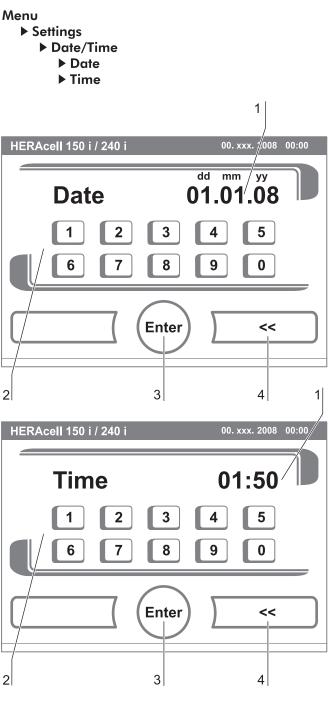


Fig. 42: Date / time setting



Setting the contrast:

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The input dialog allows the color contrast of the operating panel to be set within the value range of 48% to 80%.

- 1. To increase the value:
 - Press the + key [4].
- 2. To reduce the value:
 - ▶ Press the key [2].
- 3. The value change appears in the display [1].
- 4. To accept and save the change:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
 - The system returns to the Settings/Setup menu.

Setting the key tone:

The input dialog allows the loudness of the key tone that sounds whenever a key is depressed to be set. The value range is 0 to 100. The change occurs in increments of 5%.

- 1. To increase the value:
 - Press the + key [4].
- 2. To reduce the value:
 - ▶ Press the key [2].
- 3. The value change appears in the display [1].

4. To accept and save the change:

- Press the **ENTER** key [3].
- The system returns to the Settings/Setup menu.

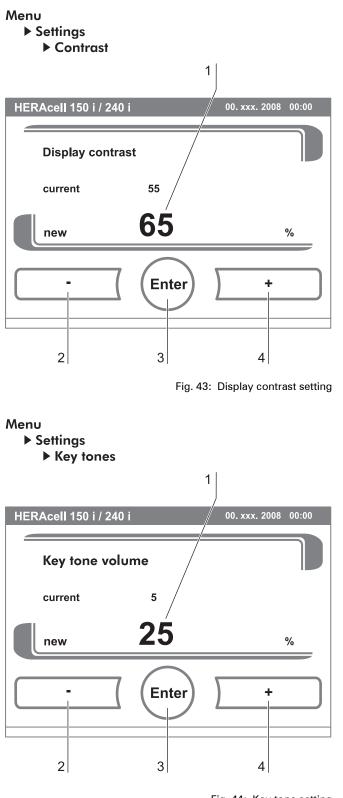


Fig. 44: Key tone setting

Setting the interface baud rate:

The input dialog allows the setting of the stepping rate for data communication of the:

- RS232 interface,
- USB interface (optional).

The stepping rate of both interfaces can be changed within the defined baud rates (9.600, 19.200, 38.400, 57.600 baud).

The standard stepping rate of both interfaces is 57.600 baud.

NOTE -

Use of HERAline:

If the devices are combined with the HERAline accessory, the baud rate must be set to 9,600 baud.

- 1. To increase the value:
 - ▶ Press the + key [4].
- 2. To reduce the value:
 - Press the key [2].
- 3. The value change appears in the display [1].
- 4. To accept and save the change:
 - ▶ Press the ENTER key [3].
 - The system returns to the Interface menu.

5. To activate the new settings:

- Browse back to the main menu.
- Wait for approx. 10 seconds and perform a reset by switching the device off and on using the power switch.

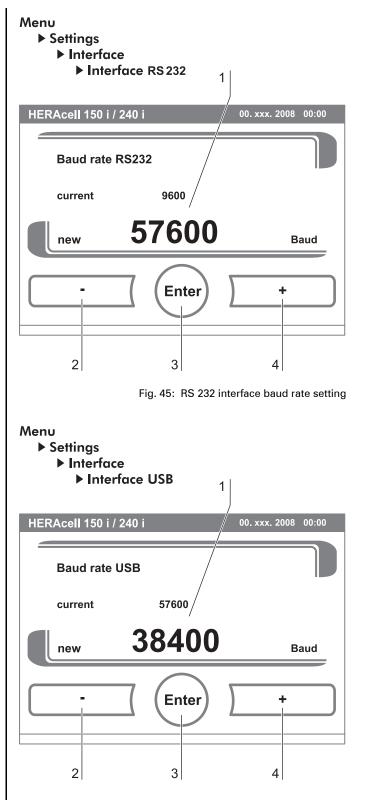


Fig. 46: USB interface baud rate setting





Setting the user display screen language:

The input dialog allows the language of the display screen to be set. Five languages are available:

• German,

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- English,
- Spanish,
- French,
- Italian.
- 1. To browse upward in the selection:
 - ▶ Press the + key [4].
- 2. To browse downward in the selection:▶ Press the key [2].
- 3. The new language appears in the display [1].
- 4. To accept and save the selection:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
 - The system returns to the Settings menu.

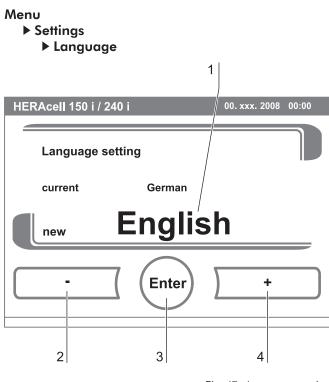


Fig. 47: Language setting



Setting the reminder intervals:

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The reminder intervals are integral components of the alarm and monitoring system of the device control. For the two essential functions contra-con and autostart as well as for routine service work, the user can set dates that trigger an alarm whenever they occur. The counting begins at 00:00 hrs of the day on which the previously set reminder interval has elapsed.

- 1. To increase the number of days:
 - ▶ Press the + key [4].
- 2. To reduce the number of days:
 - Press the key [2].
- 3. The value change appears in the display [1].
- 4. To deactivate the reminder interval:
 - Set the value to **OFF**.
 - Press the key [2].
- 5. To accept and save the change:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
 - The system returns to the Reminder Interval menu.

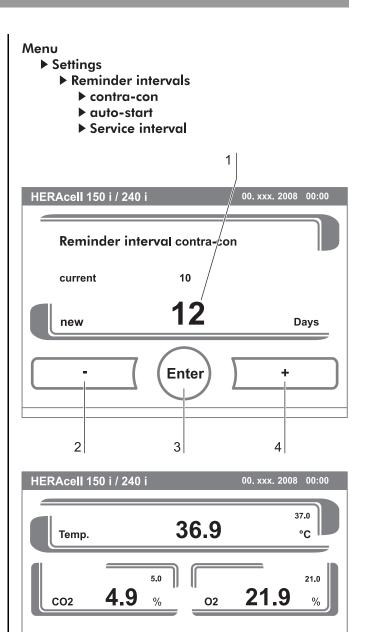
On the due date, the display shows a reminder message [5] for the activated reminder interval.

- **contra-con**: Please run contra-con.
- **auto-start**: Please run auto-start. Is displayed after the contra-con decontamination routine has been run successfully.
- Service interval: Request service. The service message can be confirmed. In this case, the Request Service icon is displayed.

After the routines have been run successfully, the reminder messages are hidden.

Factory settings:

contra-con decontamination routine	90 days
auto-start routine	Off
Service interval	365 days



Menu

Fig. 48: Reminder interval setting

auto-start

contra-con

Please run contra-con

5

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7.11.2 Event logging

The input dialogs of the category **EVENT LOGGING** comprise all settings for logging and outputting events during the operation of the device:

- Event display,
- time interval (of the logging cycle),
- error table.

Event display:

The event display [1] uses short, single-line entries specifying date and time to report the events that were logged during the operation of the device. The entries are listed in chronological order with the most recent event at the top position. The list can be displayed but not edited. If the event display consists of several pages, the user can browse through the list. The status indicator [2] indicates which page of the total number of pages is currently being displayed.

- 1. To browse forward in the list:
 - ▶ Press the **CONTINUE** key [5].
- 2. To browse backward in the list:
 - ▶ Press the **PREVIOUS** key [3].
- 3. To exit the display:
 - Press the **END** key [4].
 - The system returns to the Event Logger menu.

Changing the logging cycle time:

Due to limited memory resources, the oldest entries are deleted as new entries are logged. The period from which the displayed entries originate depends largely on the selected logging cycle time.

Logging cycle time	Minimal displayed period
10 s	22.5 hours
30 s	2.8 days
60 s	5.6 days
120 s	11.2 days
180 s	16.8 days

The setting controls the logging cycle in sections of seconds during which the control loop measured values are logged during the operation of the device and displayed by the trend display *(see chap. 7.12, pg. 94)*.

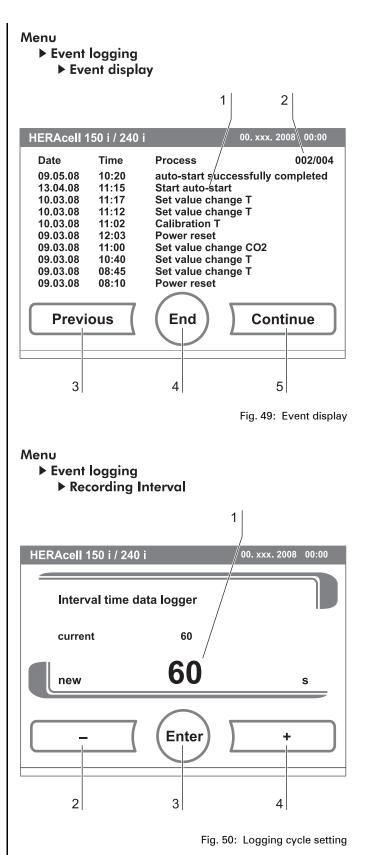




Fig. 50: The settings can be made within the value range of 10 seconds to 3600 seconds.

- 1. To increase the value:
 - ▶ Press the + key [4].
- 2. To reduce the value:
 - Press the key [2].
- 3. The value change appears in the display [1].
- 4. To accept and save the change:
 - Press the ENTER key [3].
 - The system returns to the Event Logger menu.

- NOTE

Event logger interval time:

The logging cycle time does not affect the entries of the error table.

Displaying the error table:

The error table lists the errors detected by the deviceintegral monitoring system in descending chronological order. The most recently detected error is listed at the top position of 22 possible entries. An entry consists of the control loop in which the error occurred, the date, the time, and an error description. The error table can be displayed but not edited. If the event display consists of two pages, the user can browse through the list. The status indicator [2] indicates which page of the two is currently being displayed.

- 1. To browse forward in the error table:
 - ▶ Press the **CONTINUE** key [4].
- 2. To browse backward in the list:
 - Press the **Previous** key.

3. To exit the display:

- Press the **END** key [3].
- The system returns to the Event Logger menu.

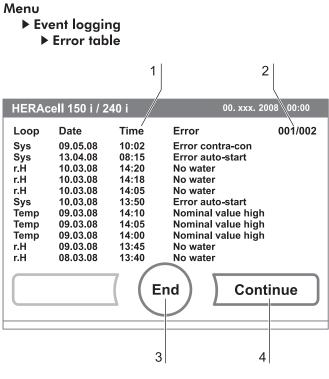


Fig. 51: Error table display

NOTE -

Troubleshooting:

For a detailed overview of causes for errors and their correction, please refer to the end of this chapter!

7.11.3 Options

The input dialogs of the **OPTIONS** category comprise all settings of the functional device options:

- Alarm relay,
- · Low humidity,
- Gas-tight screen,
- Water level sensor,
- Audible alarm,
- Bottle turning device (optional),
- O₂ (optional).

Setting the alarm relay:

The alarm relay is the interface for the connection of the device-integral monitoring system to an external monitoring system. Depending on the required input signal of the external monitoring system, network monitoring can be enabled or disabled. If network monitoring is enabled, a power failure is detected as an error. The relay cannot be switched off *(see chap. 5.11, pg. 61)*.

- 1. To toggle between two states [1]:
 - Press the + key [4].
 - or
 - Press the key [2].
- 2. To accept and save the change:
 - ▶ Press the ENTER key [3].
 - The system returns to the Options menu.

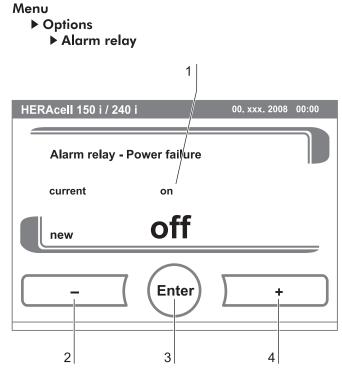


Fig. 52: Alarm relay setting



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Setting low humidity:

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If condensation occurs on the culture containers due to high relative humidity, the humidity in the work space can be set to a lower level. At the factory, the device control is preset to high humidity (approx. 93% relative humidity).

By enabling the Low Humidity feature, the relative humidity in the work space is lowered from approx. 93% to approx. 90%. The modification requires an extended adaption phase. To effectively prevent condensation on culture containers, it must be used as a permanent setting.

- 1. To toggle between two states [1]:
 - Press the + key [4].

or

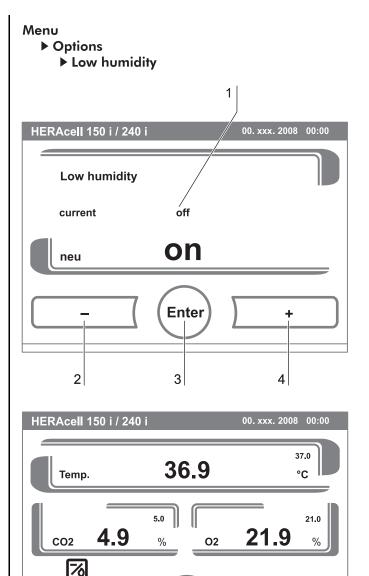
- ▶ Press the key [2].
- 2. To accept and save the change:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
 - The system returns to the Options menu.

- NOTE -

Low humidity:

The enabling/disabling of the Low humidity function is entered into the event list.

If the Low humidity function is enabled, the corresponding icon [5] is displayed in the main menu.



Menu

Fig. 53: Low humidity setting

auto-start

contra-con

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SCIENTIF

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Setting the gas-tight screen:

As the aperture cross-sections are smaller when accessing the samples, devices equipped with the optional gas-tight screen achieve shorter recovery times for the incubation parameters:

- Work space temperature,
- CO₂ concentration,
- O₂ concentration,
- relative humidity.

After conversion of the device, the device control system must be adjusted to the gas-tight screen option.

- NOTE –

Malfunction:

The conversion to gas-tight screen causes a change of the control parameters. Failure to set the gas-tight screen function in accordance with the actually installed door version may impair the incubation performance.

- 1. To toggle between two options [1]:
 - Press the + key [4].

or

- ▶ Press the key [2].
- 2. To accept and save the change:
 - ▶ Press the ENTER key [3].
 - The system returns to the Options menu.

Switching the water level sensor on/off:

For incubation operation with ambient humidity or if the auto-start routine is to be run dry (without water), the water level sensor can be switched off. This prevents alarm messages for the water level sensor by the device-integral monitoring system from being issued.

- 1. To toggle between two states [1]:
 - Press the + key [4].
 or
 - Press the key [2].
- 2. To accept and save the change:

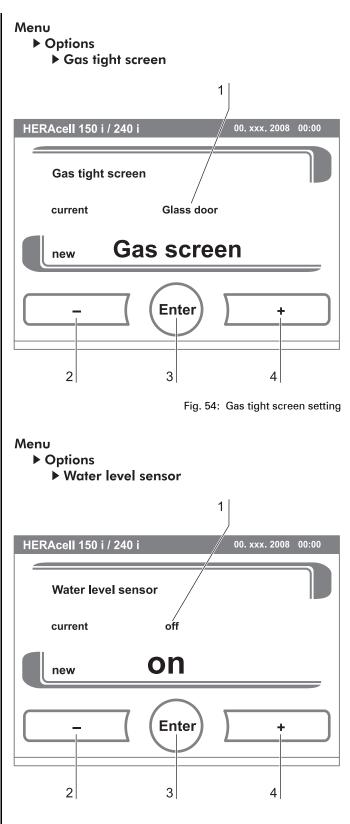


Fig. 55: Water level setting

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- ▶ Press the ENTER key [3].
- The system returns to the Options menu.

Switching the audible alarm on/off:

If the device-integral monitoring system detects an error:

- an audible alarm sounds
- in addition to the visual error message and the switching of the alarm relay.

The audible alarm can be permanently disabled:

- 1. To toggle between two states [1]:
 - ▶ Press the + key [4].
 - or
 - Press the key [2].

2. To accept and save the change:

- Press the **ENTER** key [3].
- The system returns to the Options menu.

Setting the bottle turning device speed (option available only on HERAcell[®] 240 i):

If the device has been configured at the factory for the bottle turning device function, the main menu displays the bottle turning device icon.

The speeds of the drive rollers can be set separately for each level within a value range of 0% to 100% *(see chap. 4.10.8, pg. 47)*.

The drive roller of a bottle turning insert is activated as soon as a value > 0 for the speed has been entered and saved.

- 1. To increase the value:
 - ▶ Press the + key [4].
- 2. To reduce the value:
 - ▶ Press the key [2].
- 3. To switch the drive roller of one level off:▶ Set the value to 0%.
- 4. The value change appears in the display [1].
- 5. To accept and save the change:
 - Press the **ENTER** key [3].
 - The system returns to the Bottle Turning Device menu.

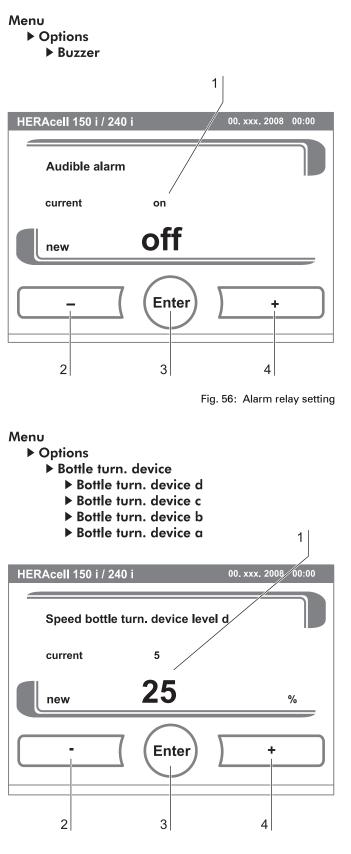


Fig. 57: Bottle turning device speed setting

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NOTE -

Quick access to bottle turning device levels:

To directly access the Bottle turning device submenu, touch the Bottle turning device icon in the main menu.

Switching the O₂ control on and off:

Depending on the requirements to the work process, the O_2 control can be switched on and off. This setting is possible only on versions with the optional O_2/N_2 control.

- To toggle between two states of the O₂ control:
 ▶ Press the + key [4].
 - or
 - Press the key [2].
 - , , , ,
- 2. The value change appears in the display [1].
- 3. To accept and save the setting:
 - Press the ENTER key [3].
 - The system returns to the Options menu.

- NOTE -

O₂ value display:

If the O_2 control has been switched off, the O_2 display does not show an actual value (- - -).

This procedure provides protection for the O_2 sensor.

If the set value is set to 21%, the O_2 control loop is not monitored. This applies to both O_2 control ranges:

- Control range I: 1% to 21%
- Control range II: 5% to 90%

In this case, the O₂ display shows the actual value.

Airing the work space:

If the device was operated with $O_2 \mbox{ or } N_2$, the work space must be aired after the O_2 control has been switched off.

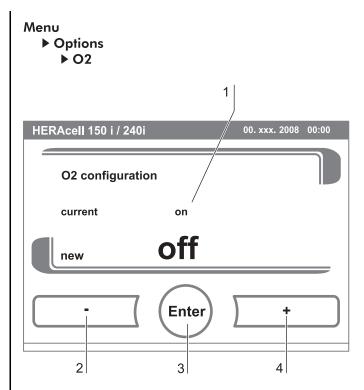


Fig. 58: Switching the O2 control on and off

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Gas monitoring:

The switching state of the O_2 control loop does not affect the function of the optional gas monitoring system. The gas monitoring system remains active even when the O_2 control is switched off or the O_2 sensor is disabled.

7.11.4 Icon description

Essential operating states or error messages, e.g. keypad lock [3], low humidity [4] or bottle turning device [5] are displayed as icons in the touchscreen main menu in addition to the entries in the event or in the error table.

The lcon Description dialog box [1] explains the meaning of the individual icons.

- To exit the display:
 - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
 - The system returns to the Configuration menu.

Function of the individual icons: Bottle turning device:

This function indicator shows that the device has been configured for operation with the optional bottle turning device.

The Bottle Turning Device dialog box can also be accessed directly by touching the Bottle Turning Device icon in the main menu.

Low water level:

This error indicator shows that the water level sensor has detected a low water level.

Low humidity:

This function indicator shows that the relative humidity in the work space has been lowered from approx. 93% to approx. 90%.

Keypad lock:

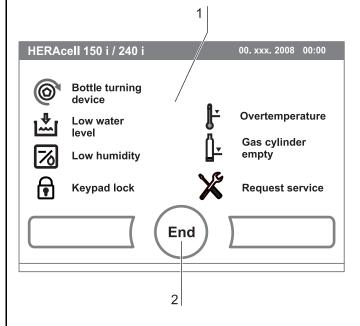
This function indicator shows that the keypad lock has been activated so that currently the settings cannot be changed.

Overtemperature:

This error indicator shows that the device control has activated the overtemperature protection and has switched to backup control.

Menu

Icon discription



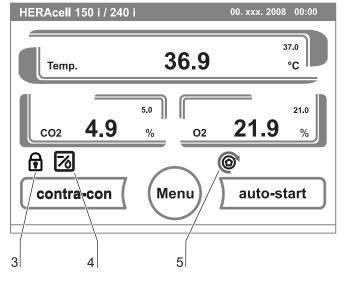


Fig. 59: Icon description overview

Gas cylinder empty:

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Error message, indicating, that the filling level of one or of serveral gas cylinders is too low to ensure regular gas supply.

The monitoring function is available only for device versions with the optional gas monitoring system.

Request service:

This indicator shows that the routine service is due. The display of the icon is controlled by the time entry in the **REMINDER INTERVAL** dialog box and it appears after the reminder message has been confirmed.

Gas cylinder filling level display (optional):

If the device is equipped with the optional gas monitoring system the icons [1] for gas cylinder A and gas cylinder B appear in the corresponding CO_2 display / O_2 display. The icons indicate the gas cylinder filling level (full / empty).

The icon with the blue frame indicates the bottle not in use that will be switched over to continue the supply.

- Manual changeover to a full gas cylinder is possible.
- Press the cylinder icon with the blue frame.
- or
 - changeover can occur automatically, if:
 - the cylinder pressure drops below 0.6 bar.

After a manual or automatic changeover of the gas supply, another changeover is inhibited for 30 seconds. It takes approximately 2 minutes before the filling level of the new cylinder has been determined and can be displayed.

The gas monitoring system monitors the filling state of the two connected gas cylinders.

If one cylinder is empty:

- no audible alarm sounds but an error message is displayed,
- an entry is written into the event list.

If both bottles are empty:

- an audible alarm sounds and the alarm relay switches,
- an error message is displayed,
- an entry is written into the error table,
- an entry is written into the event list.

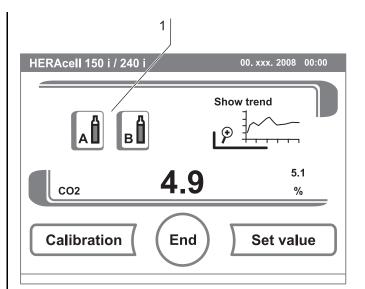


Fig. 60: Gas monitoring icons

Cylinder changeover:

A manual or automatic changeover of a gas cylinder is entered into the event display.

7.11.5 Enabling/disabling the keypad lock

This input dialog box allows the keypad lock to be enabled or disabled. At the factory, the keypad lock is preset to the standard code 0000.

- 1. Enter the 4-digit code using the keypad. The input appears encrypted in the display [1].
- 2. To delete complete incorrect input:
 - ▶ Press the **DELETE** key [2].
- 3. To break off the input:
 - Press the BACK key[4].

The system returns to the Configuration menu.

- 4. To confirm the input:
 - Press the ENTER key [3].
 - The system returns to the Configuration menu.

– NOTE –

Changing an existing code:

The currently valid code can be redifined in the KEYPAD LOCK CODE dialog box of the SETTINGS/SETUP menu. *(see chap. 7.11.3, pg. 85).*

Resetting the code:

If the keypad lock code is no longer available, the code must be reset to the standard code by the Technical Support of Thermo Fisher Scientific.

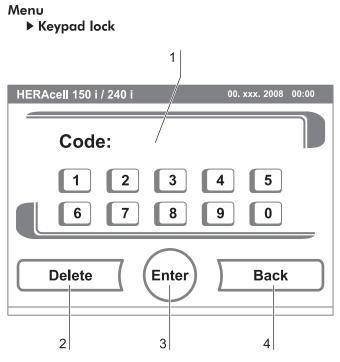


Fig. 61: Enabling/disabling the keypad lock



7.11.6 Software versions

This menu shows the unit software versions in the display [1].

- To exit the display:
 - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
 - The system returns to the Configuration menu.

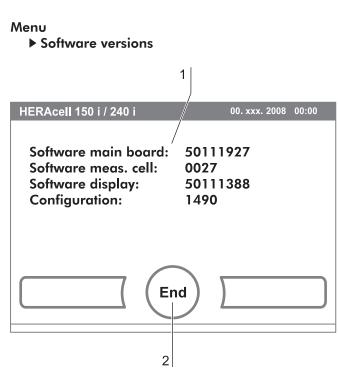


Fig. 62: Software versions



7.12 Scaling the trend display

The trend display of the three control loops:

- Temperature,
- CO₂,
- 0₂,

can be scaled to two different versions.

- 1. Full screen display
 - Press the display, for the value required.
 - ▶ press the SHOW TREND ICON [1].

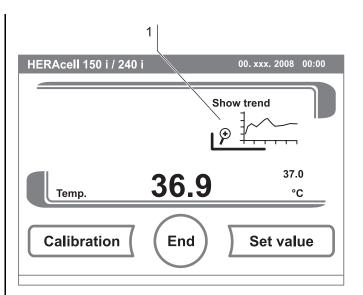
2. To display an enlarged section:

- Open a rectangular section [2] in the desired area of the diagram using a finger or a pen. The size of the rectangle is determined by dragging a diagonal from the start (press onto screen at left of upper diagram frame) to the end (release at right of lower diagram frame).
- Press any position within the marked rectangle area [2]. The section is now enlarged.
- This process can be repeated any number of times until the section is displayed in the desired enlargement or until the maximal enlargement level (max. 30 event logger elements, i.e. 30 min. process at a logging cycle of 60 seconds).
- During zoom mode the trend display can be scrolled forward and back.
- 3. To return to the total trend:
 - Open rectangle over a small diagram section and press any position **outside** the marked area.
- 4. To exit the trend display:
 - Press the END key [3].
 - The system returns to the main menu.

NOTE -

Logging cycle:

The time interval of the data logging cycle can be redefined in the INTERVAL TIME EVENT LOGGER dialog box (see chap. 7.11.2, pg. 83).



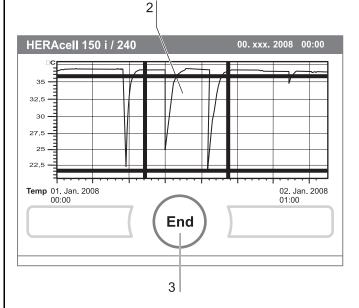


Fig. 63: Trend display scaling



7.13 Error messages

The error detection system is an integral element of the device-internal control system. It monitors the control loops and their sensors. If an error is detected in the system, the alarm relay switches and issues the following signals and messages:

- An audible alarm sounds,
- a blinking warning triangle [2] and the corresponding icon [1] are shown in the main menu; the value displays are no longer updated,
- the detected error is listed in the error table,
- the event is entered into the event display.

7.13.1 Response to an error message event

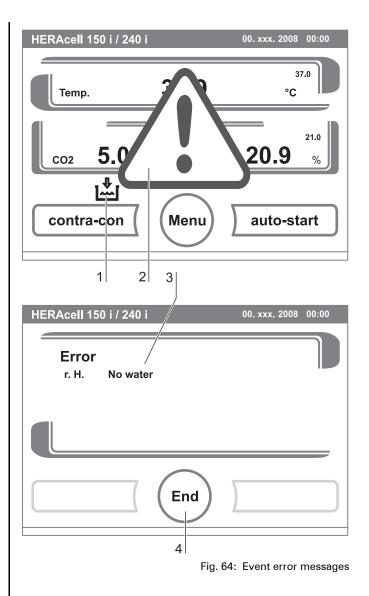
If the alarm relay was switched due to a user action, the switching state can be reset by accepting the error message (e.g. for the manual cancellation of the contra-con decontamination routine).

If the alarm relay was switched due to a techical defect, the switching state remains active until the defect has been corrected (e.g. low water level in work space).

- 1. To accept the failure message:
 - When the warning triangle [2] is displayed, touch any position on the touch screen.
 - The Error dialog box [3] apppears and the detected error is displayed,
 - the audible alarm is switched off.

2. To exit the error display:

- ▶ Press the **END** key [4].
- The error message disappears.



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7.13.2 Resetting the overtemperature protection mechanism

If the device control has activated the overtemperature protection mechanism and switched over to emergency control mode, a blinking warning triangle [2] and the icon [1] are displayed in the main menu.

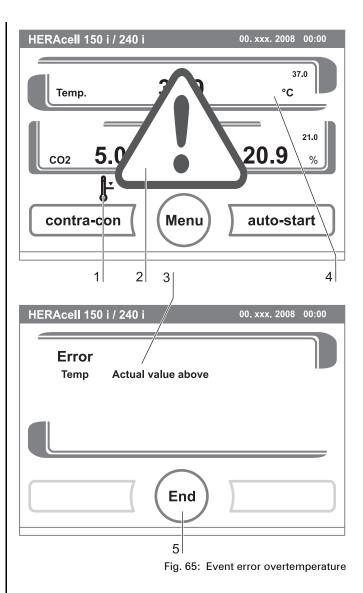
- 1. To display the fault cause:
 - Touch any position on the touch screen.
 - The Error dialog window [3] opens and the detected fault cause is shown;
 - the acoustic signal is switched off.
- 2. To close the error display:
- Press the END [5] key.
- The error message disappears.
- The temperature display field [4] is surrounded by a red frame.
- 3. To reset the error message:
 - Switch off the device.
- 4. Open the doors and let the work space cool down.
- 5. Switch on the device.

If the overtemperature protection mechanism is re-activated although the potential fault causes (see error table) have been eliminated, take the device out of service and contact the technical service center.

7.13.3 Troubleshooting

The error tables indicate source of error, cause of error, and possible corrections.

For any communication with the Technical Support of Thermo Fisher Scientific, please have the device data ready.





Error message overview:

Control loop	Error message	Cause	Repair	Alarm relay	Buzzer
System	Device door open too long	Doors open for more than 10 minutes.	Close device doors	x	x
	Failure display	Communication between display and main board faulty	Contact Service when failure is recuring	x	x
	Failure EEPROM main board	EEPROM on main board is faulty.	Contact Service	x	x
	Failure communication mainboard	Communication between display and main board faulty *1)	Contact Service when failure is recuring		
	System - Failure data logger	Failure during recording data logger. Device is still working.	Reset device to cancel failure. When failure is recuring contact Service.		x
	Failure contra-con	Failure in contra-con routine	Reset device to cancel failure. When failure is recuring contact Service.	x	x
	System - Power down during contra- con	Power failure during contra- con routine	Reset device and start contra- con again.	x	x
	Failure upon auto- start	Failure during auto-start routine	Reset auto-start. When failure is recuring contact Service.	x	x
	System - Safety circuit active	Temperature signal plausibility doubtful *2)	Reset device. When failure is listed several times, contact Service.		
	Failure bottle turning device	Communication between bottle turning device and main board faulty	Contact Service	x	x
Tempe- rature	Sensor breakage	Detected value is out of limit.	Contact Service	x	x
	Actual value above	Act. val. > nom. val. + 1°C *3)	Do not exceed ambient temperature limit	x	x
	Actual value below	Act. val. < nom. val 1°C *4)	Contact Service	x	x
	Calibration values too high / too low	Temperature max. adjustment value exceeded	Contact Service	x	x
	Actual value plausibility doubtful	Temperature signal plausibility doubtful	Contact Service	x	x
	Failure communication\	Measuring cell cannot commuicate with mainboard	Contact Service	x	x

*1) Error message will be displayed, but not entered in error table.

*2) Error message will be displayed, but not entered in error table.

*3) If failure is detected, a special sample protection controlling will be enabled. To indicate the start of this routine, the icon overtemperature is displayed. The routine will will be disabled after a power reset.

*4) After changing the set value, error time will be set on 159 min., after door opening on 45 min. (O_2 on 159 min.).



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Error message overview:

Control loop	Error message	Cause	Repair	Alarm relay	Buzzer
Tempe- ratur	Failure LM75	LM75 sensor cannot not communicate with mainboard	Contact Service	x	x
	Failure EEPROM sensor	NV-RAM sensor faulty	Contact Service	x	x
CO ₂	Sensor breakage	Detected value is out of limit.	Reset auto-start. When failure is recuring contact Service.	x	x
	Actual value above	Act. val. > nom. val. + 1% *4)	Check gas supply. Reduce prepressure to 1 bar max.	x	x
	Actual value below	Act. val. < nom. val 1% *4)	Check gas supply. Change gas cylinder. Raise prepressure to 1 bar max Check supply line to device.	x	x
	Calibration values too high / too low	Max. adjustment value exceeded for CO ₂	Contact Service	x	x
	Failure communication	Measuring cell cannot commuicate with mainboard	Contact Service	x	x
	Failure gas cylinder changeover switch	Gas cylinder changeover switch cannot commuicate with mainboard	Contact Service	x	x
	No gas	Both CO2 cylinders empty	Replace one or both O2 cylinders.	x	x
	Gas cylinder A empty	Gas cylinder A is empty.	Replace gas cylinder A.		
	Gas cylinder B empty	Gas cylinder B is empty.	Replace gas cylinder B.		
	Failure EEPROM sensor	NV-RAM sensor error.	Contact Service	x	x
O ₂	Sensor breakage	Detected value is out of limit.	Contact Service	x	x
	Actual value above	Act. val. > nom. val. + 1% *4)	Check gas supply. Reduce prepressure to 1 bar max.	x	x
	Actual value below	Act. val. < nom. val 1% *4)	Check gas supply. Change gas cylinder. Raise prepressure to 1 bar max Check supply line to device.	x	x
	Failure communication	O ₂ sensor cannot commuicate with mainboard	Contact Service	x	x

*4) After changing the set value, error time will be set on 159 min., after door opening on 45 min. (O2 on 159 min.).

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Error message overview:

Control loop	Error message	Cause	Repair	Alarm relay	Buzzer
O ₂	Failure gas cylinder changeover switch	Gas cylinder changeover switch cannot commuicate with mainboard	Contact Service	х	x
	No gas	Both CO_2 cylinders empty	Replace one or both O ₂ cylinders.	x	x
	Gas cylinder A empty	Gas cylinder A is empty.	Replace gas cylinder A.		
	Gas cylinder B empty	Gas cylinder B is empty.	Replace gas cylinder B.		
rН	No water	Water level in the incubator under	Fill in water or if the auto-start routine is to be run dry (without water), the water level sensor can be switched off.	х	x



8 Shut-down

8.1 Shutting the device down

9 Cleaning and disinfection

| 9.1 Cleaning

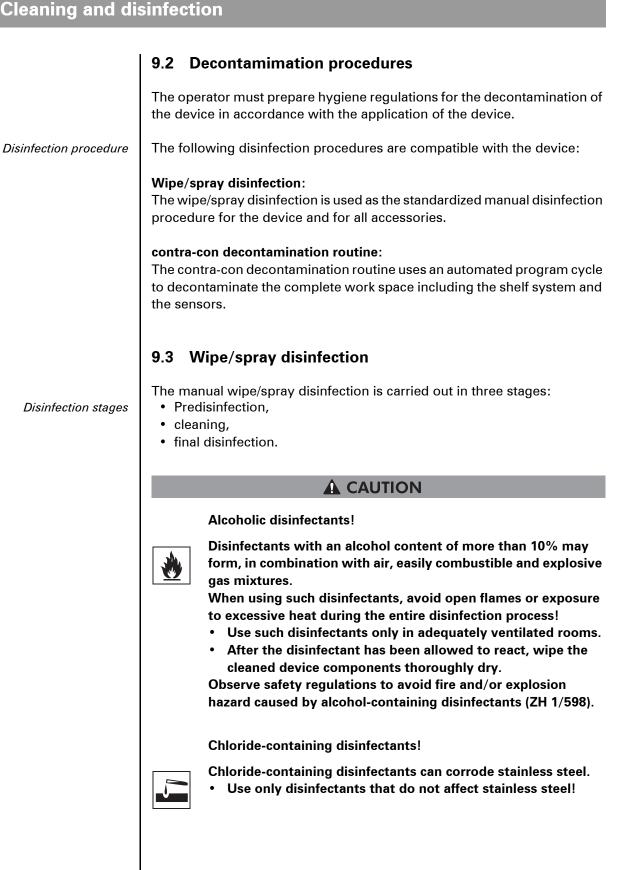
	NOTICE
	Incompatible cleaners! Some device components are made of plastic. Solvents can dissolve plastics. Strong acids or caustic solutions can cause to become brittle of the plastic. For cleaning plastic components and surfaces, do not use solvents that contain hydrocarbons, solvents with an alcohol content of more than 10% or strong acids or caustic solutions. Moisture-sensitive components! Do not spray cleaning agent onto the touchscreen and the control box at the rear of the device. When wiping the device clean, always make sure that moisture does not enter into these components.
Exterior surfaces	 Cleaning exterior surfaces: 1. Remove dirt residues and depositions thoroughly using a solution of water and commercial detergent. 2. Wipe the surfaces clean using a clean cloth and clear water. 3. Then, wipe the surfaces dry using a clean cloth.
	NOTICE
	Moisture-sensitive display!
	Do not spray or wipe the display with cleaner.
	• Clean display using a dry cloth of 100% micro fiber!

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9 Cleaning and disinfection

Preparing the manual wipe/spray disinfection:

Electric shock!



Contact with current-carrying components may cause a lethal electric shock.

Prior to cleaning and disinfection work, disconnect the device from the power supply!

- Turn the device off using the power switch.
- Unplug the power connector and protect it against accidental reconnection.
- Check to see if the device is deenergized.

Health hazard!



The surfaces of the work space may be contaminated. Contact with contaminated cleaning liquids may cause infections. Disinfectants may contain harmful substances. When cleaning and disinfecting, always observe the safety

instructions and hygiene regulations!

- Wear safety gloves.
- Wear safety goggles.
- Wear mouth and respiratory system protection gear to protect the mucous membranes.
- Observe the safety instructions of the manufacturer of the disinfectant and of the hygiene experts.

Predisinfection

Predisinfection:

- 1. Remove all samples from the work space and store them in a safe place.
- 2. Pump the water off and remove water residues using a cloth.
- 3. Spray disinfectant onto the surfaces of the work space and of the accessories or wipe the surfaces clean using disinfectant.

NOTICE

Moisture-sensitive components!

Do not spray disinfectant onto the $\rm CO_2$ sensor in the measuring cell baseplate or onto the $\rm O_2/N_2$ sensor.

4. Allow the disinfectant to react as specified by the manufacturer.

Removing accessories and shelf system:

- Remove gas humidification, bottle turning device and/or shelves, then remove the entire shelf system from the work space.
 For removal and installation of the shelf system, please refer to Section 5.2.
- 2. If required, remove the blower wheel and its cover from the baseplate



	of the measuring cell. The wheel and the cover can be autoclaved.		
	Removing blower wheel and cover:		
	Electric shock!		
	Contact with current-carrying components may cause a lethal electric shock. Prior to removing the blower wheel, switch the device off and disconnect it from the power supply system.		
	 Remove the two retaining screws of the cover using the supplied Allen wrench (3 mm) and remove the cover. 		
	The blower wheel is secured to the axle by a set screw. Remove the set screw using the Allen wrench (2 mm) and pull the blower wheel off.		
	 Cleaning the work space and accessories: 1. Thoroughly remove dirt residues and deposits using a solution of tepid water and dishwashing agent. 2. Wipe the surfaces clean using a clean cloth and plenty of clear water. 3. Remove the cleaning liquid from the water tray and wipe all surfaces of the work space thoroughly dry. 4. Wipe accessories thoroughly dry. 		
Final disinfection	 Final disinfection: 1. Spray disinfectant again onto the work space, the shelf system, and the removed components and wipe them clean. 2. Allow the disinfectant to react as specified by the manufacturer. 3. Reinstall the shelf system and the removed components. 		
	NOTE		
	Functional check:		
	After the installation, check to see if the blower wheel is securely attached to the axle and if it can rotate freely, then secure cover using the screws.		

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9 Cleaning and disinfection

contra-con process

9.4 contra-con decontamination routine

The entire program run of the decontamination routine takes approximately 25 hours.

During this routine, a hot and humid atmosphere at 90 °C with highly decontaminating effect is created in the work space. The effectiveness of the contra-con decontamination routine has been certified by independent institutes. Information on these tests is available from Thermo Scientific upon request.

After the run has been completed, the device must be started up again using the auto-start routine.

— NOTE —

Conditions that prevent the start of the contra-con decontamination routine:

The contra-con routine cannot be started if one of the following failure conditions exists.

Temperature control loop:

- Sensor breakage,
- actual value above set value (excessive deviation),
- actual value below set value (excessive deviation),
- set value not plausible,
- calibration values too high or too low,
- sensor communication failure,
- sensor parameter not plausible,
- no communication with LM 75.

Control loop for CO₂ gas supply:

• No communication with sensor.

In this case, the conta-con key is dimmed and its function is not available.

Overtemperature protection:

If the overtemperature protection was enabled on the device, the contra-con decontamination routine cannot be started before the fault hes been corrected or reset.

No gas is supplied during the contra-con decontamination routine on versions with the optional gas monitoring system:

If the error "no gas" occurs during the contra-con decontamination routine, the audible alarm is triggered. The alarm can be confirmed by pressing on any position on the display. In this case, the contra-con decontamination routine is not cancelled. The alarm relay remains switched until the gas monitoring system detects a full gas cylinder again. contra-con procedure

Cleaning and disinfection

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Optional bottle turning device:

Before starting the contra-con decontamination routine, all rollers must be removed from the incubator. The electrical connection sockets must then be sealed with the protecting caps.

The rack that supports the rollers may be left in place for the duration of the cycle.

Procedure of a contra-con decontamination routine:

- 1. After cleaning, reinstall the shelf system components into the work space.
- 2. Fill the floorpan with 350 ml processed water.
- 3. Turn the device on using the power switch.
- 4. Activate and start the decontamination routine.
- 5. After the decontamination routine has been completed, remove the remaining water using a sterile cloth.
- 6. Turn the device off or resume operation.

Hot surfaces!



The handle and the screen of the glass door, the interior panel of the outer door as well as the surfaces of the shelf system and of the work space become extremely hot during the contra-con decontamination routine.

During the routine run or immediately after completion of the run, always wear safety gloves when touching these surfaces!

NOTICE

Damage to the samples!

During the contra-con decontamination routine, the work space is heated up to 90 °C. Make sure that:

Make sure that:

- all samples are removed from the work space,
- all accessories are removed from the work space.



9 Cleaning and disinfection

Operating phases of contra-con decontamination:

The remaining run time of the contra-con decontamination routine describes the time between the start or the current time status to the end of the drying phase. The indicated remaining run times are not measured values but merely used for orientation. The routine is divided into five phases:

- 1. Heating phase,
- 2. decontamination phase,
- 3. condensation,
- 4. cool-down,
- 5. drying.

Heating phase: Remaining run time approx. 25 hours. The work space is heated to a temperature of 90° C while an elevated relative humidity is created.

Decontamination phase: Remaining run time approx 23 hours.

After the decontamination atmosphere has been created, the decontamination phase of approx. 9 hours is started. The temperature is maintained at 90°C.

Condensation: Remaining run time approx. 14 hours. The floor heating is switched off, the temperature is maintained only by the sidewall heating. This function is activated to reduce the created moisture before the cool-down and to collect it at the work space floor.

Cool-down phase: Remaining run time approx. 8 hours.

The device cools down until the originally set temperature set value is reached.

Postheating phase: Remaining run time approx. 1 hour

During the postheating phase, condensate within the device is eliminated as far as possible; remaining condensate accumulates at the bottom of the work space.

End of the decontamination routine: Remaining run time 0 hours

When the remaining run time has elapsed to 0 hours, the device has reached the originally set working temperature again (e.g. 37 °C). The contra-con decontamination routine must then be stopped by pressing the appropriate key.

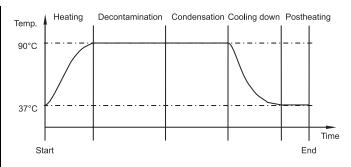


Fig. 66: Decontamination routine phases



9 Cleaning and disinfection

9.4.1 Activating the contra-con routine

Fig. 67: The contra-con decontamination routine is used to decontaminate the complete work space .

- 1. Press the **CONTRA-CON** key [1].
 - The contra-con-instruction menu [2] is displayed.
- 2. To exit the contra-con-instruction menu and contra-con:
 - Press the END key [4].
 - The system returns to the main menu.
 - 3. To activate contra-con:
 - Press the START key [3].
 - The contra-con-instruction menu [2] is displayed.
 - 4. To air the work space, open both device doors when the audible alarm sounds after 30 seconds.
 - 5. Remove all samples from the work space.
 - 6. Pump the water out of the floorpan and wipe off water residues.
 - 7. Fill the floorpan of the work space with 350 ml processed water.
 - 8. Close both device doors.
 - The run of the contra-con decontamination routine starts.
 - Fig. 68: While the contra-con decontamination routine is running, the display shows the current status [5] and outputs the following information:
 - Temperature,
 - start time,
 - phase,
 - remaining run time.

9.4.2 Interrupting contra-con

Fig. 67: The contra-con decontamination routine can be interrupted at any time.

- 1. To interrupt contra-con:
 - Press the **Stop** key [6].

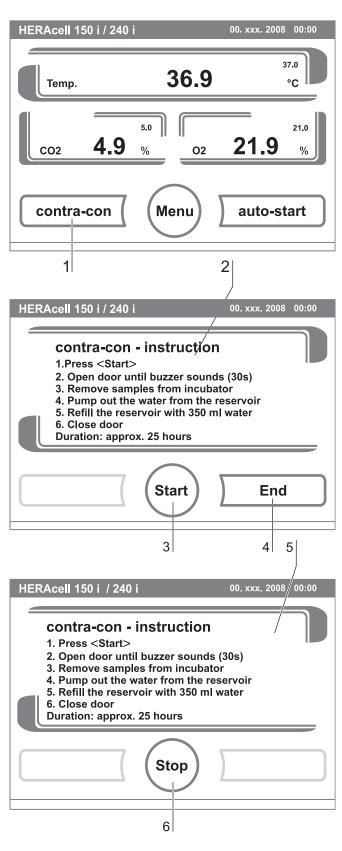


Fig. 67: Activating contra-con



9 Cleaning and disinfection

If the **STOP** key is pressed, the routine is interrupted and the contra-con Stop dialog box is opened as a security request. The routine can now be ultimately cancelled or resumed.

- 2. To cancel contra-con:
 - Press the END key [2].
 - The error message is displayed.
 - If the error message is confirmed, the system returns to the main menu.
- 3. To resume contra-con:
 - Press the BACK key [1].
 - The system returns to the status display, and the decontamination routine is resumed.
- 4. To interrupt contra-con from the status display:
 - ▶ Press the **STOP** key [4].
 - The contra-con Stop dialog box is displayed as a security request (see above). Proceed with work step 2. (see section above).

9.4.3 contra-con interruption due to error

If an error occurs while the decontamination routine is run, an error message [3] is displayed and the following actions are initiated:

- The decontamination routine automatically changes to the cool-down phase,
- the audible alarm sounds.
- 1. To confirm the audible alarm:
 - Press any position on the display.
 - The audible alarm is switched off. The END key is displayed.

If the decontamination routine is not cancelled after this, cool-down to the set temperature occurs.

- 2. To cancel contra-con:
 - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
 - The error message is displayed.
 - If the error message is confirmed, the system returns to the main menu.

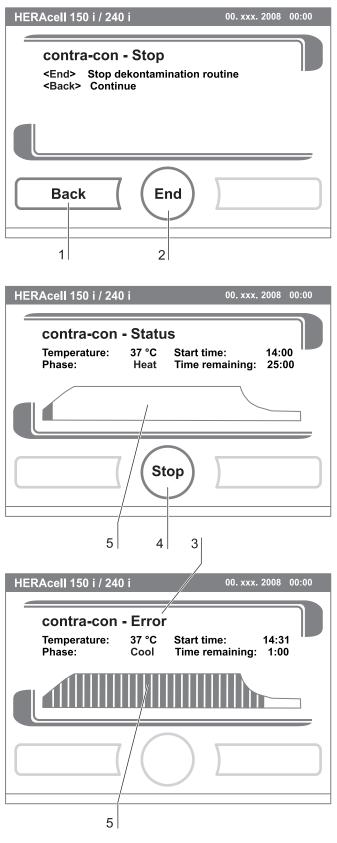


Fig. 68: Interrupting / cancelling contra-con



9 Cleaning and disinfection

9.4.4 Completing contra-con

After the five phases have been completed, the Stop **CONTRA-CON DECONTAMINATION ROUTINE** dialog box [1] is displayed.

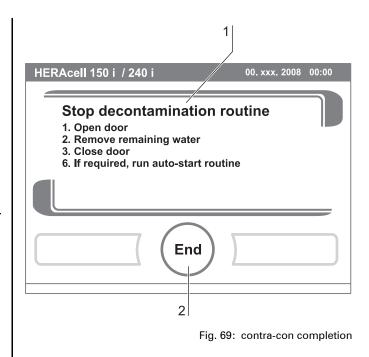
The decontamination routine must be stopped manually.

- To stop contra-con:
 - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
 - The system returns to the main menu.

– NOTE –

Opening door during contra-con decontamination:

If the door will be opened and closed again whilst contra-con decontamination is running, the routine returns to a phase which will ensure a continuation without faults.





10.1 Inspections and checks

To ensure the operativeness and the operational safety of the device, the functions and device components listed below must be checked at different intervals.

Daily check:

- Gas supply of the CO₂ supply system.
- Gas supply of the O₂/N₂ supply system.

Annual inspection:

- Tightness of the glass door seal.
- Permeability of the pressure compensation opening with insert.
- Functional check of the operating panel and of the device control.

– NOTE —

• Electrical safety check in accordance with the relevant national regulations (e.g. VBG 4).

Functional check:

If safety devices were removed or disabled for inspections, the device must not be operated before the safety devices have been reinstalled and checked for their correct function.

10.2 Service intervals

During running operation, the following service works must be performed:

3-month service:

- · Run auto-start routine and contra-con decontamination routine,
- perform temperature and CO₂/O₂ comparison measurement.

Annual service:

- Replace gas inlet filter.
- Perform Technical Service service inspection.

– NOTE —

Service contract:

Thermo Scientifc offer a device-specific service contact that comprises all test and service works required.



10.3 Preparing the temperature calibration

To determine the exact measured value of the deviceintegral temperature sensor, a temperature comparison measurement has to be performed every three months.

If a major temperature deviation is found during this check, a temperature calibration is required. During this process, the temperature control of the device is set to the value measured during the temperature comparison measurement. Use a calibrated measuring instrument with an accuracy of $< \pm 0,1$ °C for this test. To minimize temporary temperature fluctuations during the measurement, the measuring instrument is placed into the work space in an isothermal container (e.g. a bowl filled with glycerol). The center of the work space is the reference location for the comparison measurement.

NOTE ·

Isothermal container:

Do not use a container filled with water as isothermal container as the evaporation of water will result in a lower temperature reading.

Excessive work space temperature:

Excessive work space temperature after the calibration can be reduced by leaving the doors open for approx. 30 seconds.

Comparison measurement procedure:

- 1. Turn the device on using the power switch.
- 2. Set the temperature set value and allow the device to be heated. This may take up to several hours.
- Place the measuring instrument [3] onto the center area of the work space.
 Alternatively, a temperature sensor may be positioned in this location. Route the connecting cable either through the measurement opening
 [2] in the glass door or through the access port [1] in the rear panel of the device.

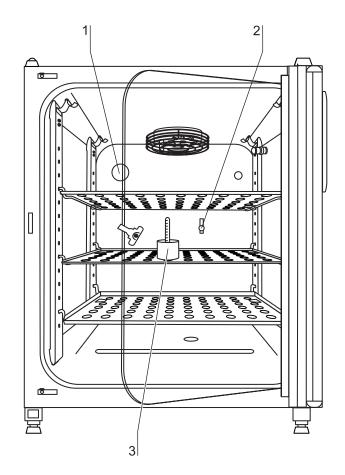


Fig. 70: Preparing the temperature calibration



- 4. Close the doors.
- 5. Wait until the temperature value displayed on the measuring instrument has stabilized.
- 6. Calibrate the temperature control as described in *(see chap. 10.4, pg. 113)*

10.4 Temperature calibration procedure

Measurement example:

• Temperature set value: 37 °C Reference temperature: 36.4 °C

- 1. Press TEMPERATURE DISPLAY [1].
 - The temperature menu is displayed.
- 2. To exit the temperature menu:
 - ▶ Press the **END** key [2].
- 3. To enter the Calibration submenu:
 - Press the CALIBRATION key [2].
- 4. Enter the measured value (targeting value): The targeting value can be increased or reduced in increments; if you keep the + key [4] or the – key [6] depressed, the function switches to a rapid increase/reduction; after approx. 3 seconds, another increase/reduction occurs.

To increase the targeting value:

Press the + key [6].

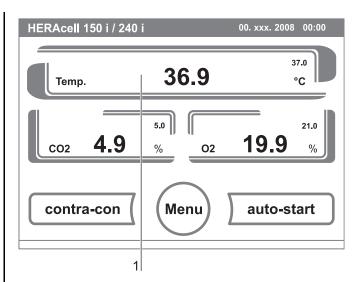
To reduce the set value:

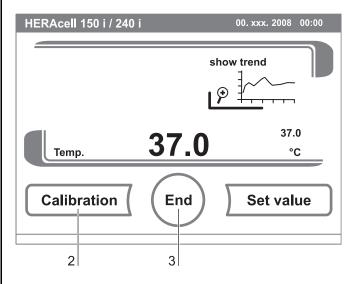
- Press the key [4].
- 5. To accept and store the targeting value:
 - Press the ENTER key [5].
 - The system returns to the main menu. The temperature display shows the current actual value measured in the work space.

- NOTE -

Excessive work space temperature:

Excessive work space temperature after the calibration can be reduced by leaving the doors open for approx. 30 seconds.





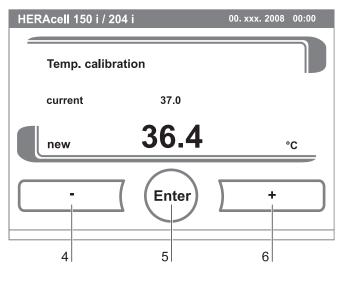


Fig. 71: Temperature calibration procedure

Value reset:

If the value isn't changed within the next 30 seconds, the system automatically exits the menu, and the most recently confirmed value is preserved.

10.5 Preparing the CO₂ calibration

To determine the exact measured value of the deviceintegral CO_2 sensor, a CO_2 comparison measurement has to be performed every three months.

If a major deviation is found during this check, a $\rm CO_2$ calibration is required.

During this process, the CO_2 control of the device is set to the value measured during the comparison measurement.

Use a calibrated measuring instrument with an accuracy of $< \pm 0.3 \%$ CO₂ for this test.

Suitable instrument:

• Portable IR readout instrument.

The measuring sample is withdrawn through the sealable measurement opening of the glass door. The comparison measurement must be performed when the device is completely heated up.

Comparison measurement procedure:

- 1. Turn the device on using the power switch.
- 2. Set the CO₂ set value and start the device with auto-start.
- 3. Insert the measuring instrument probe through the measurement opening [1] into the work space. Wait until the CO₂ value displayed by the instrument has stabilized.

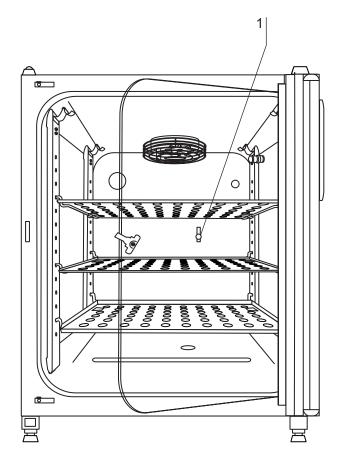


Fig. 72: Preparing CO_2 calibration



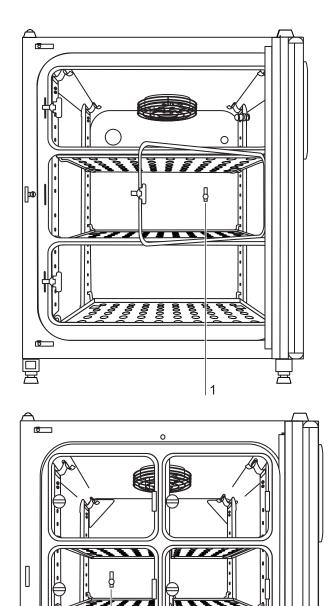
- 4. For devices equipped with the optional gas-tight screen, the measurement opening is located:
 - on HERAcell[®] 150 i [1] in the center gas-tight screen,
 - on HERAcell[®] 240 i [2] in the left center gastight screen.
- 5. Remove the measuring probe, plug the measurement opening and close the doors.
- 6. Calibrate the CO₂ control.

- NOTE -

IR measuring cell:

For devices with infrared (IR) measuring cells, the CO_2 calibration can only be performed when the CO_2 concentration has been set to 4.0% or more.

Calibration should be performed with the CO₂ set value designated for the work process (prospective work process value).





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10.6 CO₂ calibration procedure

Measurement example:

• CO₂ set value: 5 % Reference temperature: 5,6 %

- 1. Press the CO₂ **DISPLAY** key [1].
 - ► The CO₂ menu is displayed.
- 2. To exit the CO₂ menu:
 - ▶ Press the END key [3].
- 3. To enter the Calibration submenu:
 - ► Press the CALIBRATION key [2].
- 4. To enter the measured value (targeting value): The targeting value can be increased or reduced in increments; if you keep the + key [4] or the – key [6] depressed, the function switches to a rapid increase/reduction; after approx. 3 seconds, another increase/reduction occurs.

To increase the targeting value:

Press the + key [6].

To reduce the set value:

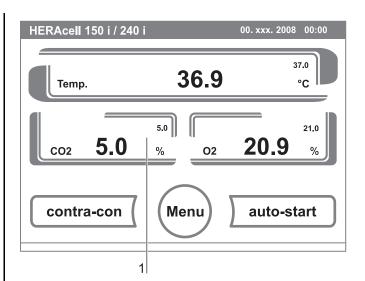
- Press the key [4].
- 5. To accept and store the targeting value:
 - ▶ Press the ENTER key [5].
 - The system returns to the main menu. The temperature display shows the current actual value measured in the CO₂ display.

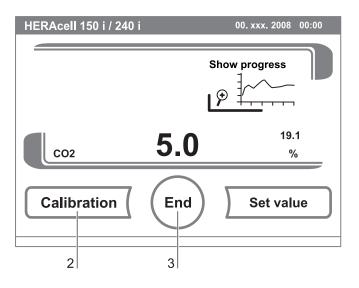
Excessive CO₂ content:

Excessive CO_2 content after the calibration can be reduced by leaving the device doors open for approx. 30 seconds.

Value reset:

If the value isn't changed within the next 30 seconds, the system automatically exits the menu, and the most recently confirmed value is preserved.





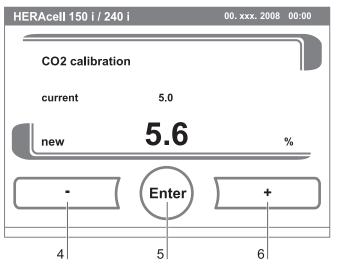


Fig. 74: CO₂ calibration procedure



10.7 Replacing the gas inlet filter

Fig. 75: The gas inlet filter $(CO_2-/O_2-/N_2 \text{ supply})$ has plastic threads and is screwed by hand into the threaded hole at the control box.

Procedure for gas supply gas inlet filter:

- 1. Make sure that the gas supply is shut off.
- 2. Loosen the hose clamp [4].
- 3. Remove the gas hose [5] from the sterile filter sleeve [2].

Procedure for all gas inlet filters:

- 4. Remove the retainer [1].
- 5. Unscrew the gas inlet filter [2] from the threaded hole [3].
- 6. When installing the new gas inlet filter, make sure that the plastic thread is not canted. Install the filter using caution.
- 7. Install the retainer [1].

Procedure for gas supply gas inlet filter:

8. Connect the gas hose to the gas inlet filter sleeve and secure it using the hose clamp. Check to see if the gas hose is securely seated on the sleeve.

10.8 Replacing the device fuses

Fig. 76: The two identical device fuses [4] are installed in the fuse compartment [1] next to the power plug receptacle of the device:

- Time delay fuses, 6.3 A (5x20 mm)
- 1. The fuse holder is secured to the fuse compartment [1] using two locking tabs [2].
- 2. To remove the fuse holder, squeeze the two locking tabs and pull the holder [3] out of the fuse compartment.
- 3. Remove the faulty fuse from the fuse holder and install the new fuse.
- 4. Slide the fuse holder into the fuse compartment and press the holder on until the locking tabs are fully engaged.

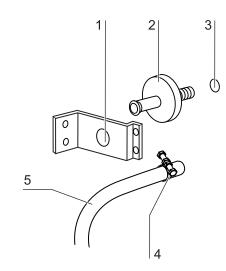


Fig. 75: Gas inlet filter installation

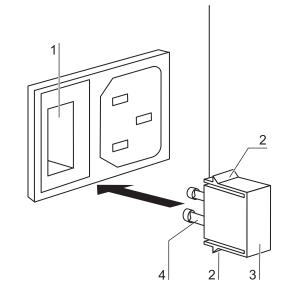


Fig. 76: Device fuse replacement



10.9 Replacing the door seal

The door seal (magnetic seal) [3] of the outer door is located in the retaining slot. No tools are required to replace the seal.

- 1. Pull the magnetic seal [3] out of the guide slot [1].
- 2. Position the new seal at a corner [2] and press the seal retaining rail [4] into the slot.
- 3. Make sure that the retaining rail taper is positioned correctly in the slot [1] and that the seal is flush with the door frame.

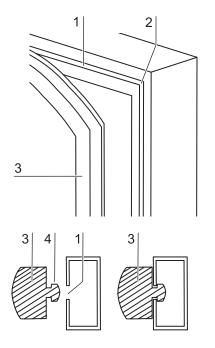


Fig. 77: Magnetic door seal replacement

11 Disposal



	Contamination hazard!		
Decontamination measures	 The device may have been used for treating and processing infectious substances. Therefore, the device and device components may have been contaminated. Prior to disposal, all device components must be decontaminated. Clean the device components thoroughly and either disinfect or decontaminate them (depending on application). Attach a declaration of non-objection with details of performed decontamination measures to the items that are to be disposed of. 		
Controlled disposal	All device components can be disposed of after they have been decontaminated properly.		
Recycling Service	NOTE		
	Recycling Service		
	Thermo Fisher Scientific offer a recycling service for discarded components at the owner's expense.		



11 Disposal

Overview of the materials used:

Component	Material
Thermal insulation components	Polystyrene foam EPS/PPS-Compound
Printed circuit boards	Enclosed electrical components coated with different plastics, equipped on epoxy resin-bound boards.
Plastic components, general	Note material labelling
Exterior housing	Galvanized steel sheet, painted
Device rear panel	Galvanized steel sheet
Outer door	Galvanized steel sheet, painted
Door inner panel	Galvanized steel sheet, painted
Operating panel and indicator foil	Polyethylene
Magnetic door seal	Magnetic core sheathed with EMPP
Heating	Silicone-sheathed resistance-type wires
Interior containers, installed components and shelves	Stainless steel 1.4301, Stainless steel 1.4301 with silver ion coating (iONGUARD™) Copper
Plug for pipe channel	Silicone
Pressure compensation opening insert	POM with brass sinter filter
Glass screen	Soda-silicate glass
Glass door seal, measurement opening	Tempered silicone
Sensor block	Stainless steel 1.4301
Blower wheel	Stainless steel 1.4305 or copper
Measuring cell base plate seal	Tempered silicone
Cables	Plastic-sheathed copper flexible
Packaging	Corrugated board, polyethylene film, and styrofoam



12 Technical data

HERAcell[®] 150i

Description	Unit	Value
Mechanical		
External dimensions (W x H x T)	mm	637 x 867 x 782
Interior dimensions (W x H x T)	mm	470 x 607 x 530
Chamber volume	I	approx 151
Shelves (W x T)	mm	423 x 465
Standard quantity	Piece	3
Maximal quantity	Piece	10
Maximal surface load	kg	10 / insertion shelf
Maximal device overall load	kg	30
Weight, without accessories	kg	70
Thermal		
Thermal safety devices according to DIN 12880:2007-05		Class 3.1 (overtemperature controller (TWW) with overtemperature detection function)
Ambient temperature range	°C	+1833
Temperature control range	°C	RT + 3 55
Temperature deviation, time (DIN 12880, Part 2)	°C	± 0.1
Temperature deviation, spatial (DIN 12880, Part 2) at 37 °C *1)	°C	± 0.5
Duration of the auto-start routine, to 37 °C ambient temperature 20 °C	h	5 10
Heat transfer to environment: at 37 °C during contra-con decontamination	kWh/h kWh/h	0.06 0.112
Humidity		
Water quality		resistivity 50 kΩ to 1 MΩ, conductivity 1 to 20 μ S
Liquid quantity:		max. 3.0 / min 1.2
Incubation operation	ml	350
contra-con disinfection operation		
Constant humidity at 37 °C (high-humidity mode)	% rH	approx 93
Constant humidity at 37 °C (low-humidity mode)	% rH	approx 90
Others		
Sound pressure level (DIN 45 635, Part 1)	dB(A)	< 50
Relative humidity of environment	% rH	max. 80
Location elevation	m ASL	max. 2000

*1) determined on the basis of DIN 12880 for devices with standard equipment. See detailed information in calbration instructions.



HERAcell[®] 150i

%	
%	
	min. 99.5 or medical quality
bar	min. 0.8 - max. 1
% vol.	0 20
% vol.	± 0.1
% CO ₂	± 0.3
%	min. 99.5 or medical quality
bar	min. 0.8 - max. 1
% vol.	1 21 or 590
% vol.	± 0.2
84 0	± 0.5 (Option: 121 % O ₂)
% 0 ₂	± 2.0 (Option: 590 % O ₂)
V	1/N/PE 230 V, AC (± 10%)
V	1/N/PE 120 V, AC (± 10%)
V	1/N/PE 100 V, AC (± 10%)
Hz	50/60
	Interference level N
	IP 20
	I
	Ш
	2
	2.5 (230 V, AC)
А	5.2 (120 V, AC)
	6.2 (100 V, AC)
	T 10 A
	EU: B 16 / USA: N NN
	0.58 (230 VAC)
	0.62 (120 VAC)
kVV	0.62 (100 VAC) B
	% vol. % CO2 % bar % vol. V V V Hz



HERAcell[®] 240i

Description	Unit	Value
Mechanical		· · ·
External dimensions (W x H x T)	mm	780 x 934 x 834
Interior dimensions (W x H x T)	mm	607 x 670 x 583
Chamber volume	I	approx 238
Shelves (W x T)	mm	560 x 500
Standard quantity	Piece	3
Maximal quantity	Piece	12
Maximal surface load	kg	10 / insertion shelf
Maximal device overall load	kg	30
Weight, without accessories	kg	81
Thermal		
Thermal safety devices according to DIN 12880:2007-05		Class 3.1 (overtemperature controller (TWW) with overtemperature detection function)
Ambient temperature range	°C	+1833
Temperature control range	°C	RT + 3 55
Temperature deviation, time (DIN 12880, Part 2)	°C	± 0,1
Temperature deviation, spatial (DIN 12880, Part 2) at 37 °C *1)	°C	± 0.5
Duration of the auto-start routine, to 37 °C ambient temperature 20 °C	h	5 10
Heat transfer to environment: at 37 °C during contra-con decontamination Humidity	kWh/h kWh/h	0.07 0.25
Water quality		resistivity 50 kΩ to 1 MΩ, conductivity 1 to 20 μ S
Liquid quantity: Incubation operation contra-con disinfection operation	l ml	max. 4.5 / min 1.8 350
Constant humidity at 37 °C (high-humidity mode) Constant humidity at 37 °C (low-humidity mode)	% rH % rH	approx 93 approx 90
EMC class		В
Others		
Sound pressure level (DIN 45 635, Part 1)	dB(A)	< 50
Relative humidity of environment	% rH	max. 80
Location elevation	m ASL	max. 2000

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*1) determined on the basis of DIN 12880 for devices with standard equipment. See detailed information in calbration instructions.



HERAcell[®] 240i

Description	Unit	Value
CO ₂ gas supply system		
Gas purity	%	min. 99.5 or medical quality
Prepressure	bar	min. 0.8 - max. 1
Measuring and control range	% vol.	0 20
Control deviation, temporal	% vol.	± 0,1
CO ₂ measuring cell		I
Accuracy (absolute)	% CO ₂	± 0.3
O ₂ gas supply system	I	l
Gas purity	%	min. 99.5 or medical quality
Prepressure	bar	min. 0.8 - max. 1
Measuring and control range	% vol.	1 21 or 590
Control deviation, temporal	% vol.	± 0.2
O ₂ measuring cell		
	% O ₂	± 0.5 (Option: 121 % O ₂)
Accuracy (absolute)		± 2.0 (Option: 590 % O ₂)
Electrical system		
	V	1/N/PE 230 V, AC (± 10%)
Rated voltage	V	1/N/PE 120 V, AC (± 10%)
	V	1/N/PE 100 V, AC (± 10%)
Rated frequency	Hz	50/60
Interference suppression (DIN VDE 0875)		Interference level N
Type of protection (DIN 40 050)		IP 20
Protection class		1
Overvoltage category (EN 61010)		11
Pollution severity (EN 61010)		2
		2.8 (230 V, AC)
Rated current	А	5.4 (120 V, AC)
		6.5 (100 V, AC)
On-site fusing:		
Fuse		T 10 A
Circuit breaker		G 16
	kW	0.64 (230 V, AC)
Rated input	kW	0.65 (120 V, AC)
	kW	0.65 (100 V, AC)

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13.1 Interfaces

RS 232 configuration	 13.1.1 RS 232 interface The RS 232 data communication interface has been designed for a cable connection with 9-pin connector and a contact assignment of 1:1. Setting the transmission speed: 9,600 – 57,600 baud, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity. Data exchange is accomplished via a defined command sequence structure (see below).
USB 1.1 configuration	 13.1.2 USB port (optional) As an alternative to data communication via RS 232 interface, the devices can be equipped with the optional USB port. The USB port complies with Standard USB 1.1 and is compatible with Standard USB 2.0 (full speed). The USB port is operated as a virtual COM port. Therefore, the port transmission speed can be changed within the defined baud rates (9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 baud). Data exchange is accomplished via a defined command sequence structure. The command sequences comply with the design of the RS 232 interface.
	NOTE
	Installing the USB port with the virtual COM port:
	If the USB port is to be used for data exchange between PC and incubator, the USB port is installed as virtual COM port (USB serial port) using the supplied driver. The assigned COM port can be located in the Windows Device Manager/Ports dialog box, e.g. USB Serial Port (COM5), and is then defined as communication port in the Heracell 150 i & 240 i program (see chap. 13.8, pg. 146).
	Elle Action Ylew Help Elle Action Ylew Help Elle Action Ylew Help Elle Action Ylew Help Forts (COM & LPT) Ports (COM & LPT) Sommunications Port (COM1) Communications Port (COM2) EP Printer Port (LPT1) EVEN Serial Port (COM3) EVEN Serial Port (COM3) EVEN Serial Port (COM3) EVEN Serial Port (COM3) EVEN System devices EVEN System devices
	The driver can be run under the following operating systems:

The driver can be run under the following operating systems: WIN 2000, WIN XP, WIN VISTA.



13.1.3 Installing the USB port driver

Connect the USB cable (optional) to the control box of the HERAcell $^{\textcircled{R}}$ 150 i / 240 i and to a PC.

As soon as the Windows Hardware Detector has identified the USB port, the **FIND New Hardware Wizard** dialog box opens.

Windows dialog box

1. Select the INSTALL FROM A LIST OR SPECIFIC LOCATION (ADVANCED) option.

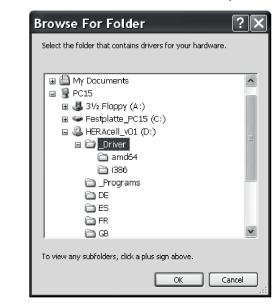




2. Select the data CD as source.

Fou	Found New Hardware Wizard		
PI	ease choose your search and installation options.		
	● Search for the best driver in these locations.		
	Use the check boxes below to limit or expand the default search, which includes local paths and removable media. The best driver found will be installed.		
	Search removable media (floppy, CD-ROM)		
	✓ Include this location in the search:		
	C:\Temp\KC_648it_Treiber\SSD710_USB_x64\Se V Browse		
	O Don't search. I will choose the driver to install.		
	Choose this option to select the device driver from a list. Windows does not guarantee that the driver you choose will be the best match for your hardware.		
	< <u>₿</u> ack <u>N</u> ext> Cancel		

3. On the data CD, select the **DRIVER** sub-directory.



4. The installation routine installs the driver: **EVAL22 Board USB**. After the installation has been completed successfully, the routine is completed with **FINISH**.

The interface transmission speed can be selected within the defined baud rates (9,600, 19,200, 38,400, 57,600 Baud) at the touchscreen of the HERAcell[®] 150 i / 240 i *(see chap. 7.11.1, pg. 77)*.



		ure of the command sequences for data unication			
	incubator HER on a conventio	nat communication can be set up, controlled, and			
	13.2.1 Descrip	otion of the protocol			
Protocol characteristics	Character cod ASCII characte	i ng rs, capital letters are not allowed.			
	Reading paran	neters:			
	Query:	?:aaaa:bb::cc <cr></cr>			
	or:	?:aaaa:bb:XXXX:cc <cr></cr>			
	Response:	!:aaaa:bb:XXXXX:cc <cr></cr>			
	where:	aaaa = parameter address			
		bb = amount of payload in this telegram (00 – ff) cc = checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without checksum and <cr></cr>			
		XXXX = bb payload bytes			
	Description of	Description of the response elements:			
	aaaa	parameter address			
	bb	amount of payload in this telegram (00 – ff)			
	сс	checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without checksum and <cr></cr>			
	Example of a software version query (50111927):				
	Query:	?:0001:00::cc <cr></cr>			
	Response:	!:0001:08:50111927:cc <cr></cr>			
	Writing parameters:				
	Command:	!:aaaa:bb:XXXXX:cc <cr></cr>			
	Response:	!:aaaa:bb::cc <cr></cr>			
	where:	aaaa = parameter address			
		bb = amount of payload in this telegram (00 – ff)			
		cc = checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without			
		checksum and <cr> XXXX = bb payload bytes</cr>			
	AAAA - DD paylodd Dyles				
	-	n an error message:			
	Response:	!:aaaa:bb:XX:cc <cr></cr>			
	Description of the response elements:				
	aaaa	parameter address,			
	bb	amount of payload (always 02)			
	сс	checksum: Inverted XOR of all bytes without			



checksum and <CR> XX = 2 bytes error message (see table below)

Example of an unknown command:Query:?:0005:00::cc<CR>Response!:0005:02:?1:cc<CR>

Significance of the two bytes in the error mesage:

Error message	Description	
?0	Error in telegram structure or checksum	
?1	Unknown command or unknown parameter	
?2	Internal memory error	
?3	Data error (value not within its limits)	

13.3 Overview of general parameters (addresses 0xxx)

General parameters

General parameters are system values such as date, time, and motherboard version number.

13.3.1 Reading general parameters

Address	Description	Note
0001	Motherboard version number	8 digits
0010	Output date and time [hours:minutes:seconds], [day:month:year]	17 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx;xx:xx:xx
0011	Date [day:month:year]	8 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx
0012	Time [hours:minutes:seconds]	8 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx



Incubator parameters

13.4 Overview of incubator parameters (addresses 2xxx)

Incubator parameters are divided into:

- the basic parameters of the three control loops temperature, $\mathrm{CO}_2,$ and $\mathrm{O}_2,$
- the internal function parameters of operating functions and data logging.

13.4.1 Reading basic parameters

Address	Description	Note
	Device status*1) (error) status	33 bytes / hexadecimal value
2000	of control loops for	in format
2000	temperature,	xxxxxxxx;xxxx;
	CO_2 , O_2 , rh, ref. temp.	;xxxx;xxxx;xxxx
	Set estual and reference	23 bytes / decimal value in
2010	Set, actual, and reference temperature*2)	format
		+xxx.xx;+xxx.xx;+xxx.xx
2020	Set and actual CO ₂ content*2)	15 bytes / decimal value in
2020		format +xxx.xx;+xxx.xx
2020	Set and estivel O sentent*2)	15 bytes / decimal value in
2030	Set and actual O ₂ content*2)	format +xxx.xx;+xxx.xx
204-	Actual water level	7 bytes / decimal value in
204a	(100% or 0%)	format +xxx.xx
20.45	Low humidity indicator (1	2 bytes / hexadecimal value in
204b	active, 0 inactive)	format xx

*1) Example of device status and (error) status of control loops

(details see error message table)

*2) All values have 2 decimal places



Reading internal functions

13.4.2 Reading internal function parameters

Address	Description	Note
2100	Status of run*1) and remaining run time [hours:minutes] for disinfection, also date and time of last start	25 bytes / decimal value in format xx;+xxx:xx;xx.xx.xx;xx:xx
2105	Status of run*1) , current CO ₂ offset + waiting period [minutes:seconds] autostart, also date and time of last start	25 bytes / decimal value in format xx;xx.x;+xxx:xx;xx.xx.xx;xx xx
2132	Read bottle turning device speed (all levels)*2)	8 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xxxxxxx
2133	Read bottle turning device status (all levels) (1 active, 0 stopped)*2)	8 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xxxxxxx
2140	Read status of gas cylinder changeover switch for CO ₂ *3)	2 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xx
2141	Read status of gas cylinder changeover switch for O_2 *3)	2 bytes / hexadecimal value in format xx
2300	Read error memory (current errors)*4)	Up to 241 bytes / hexadecima value, format see corresponding chapter
2301	Read error memory (prior errors)*4)	Up to 241 bytes / hexadecima value, format see corresponding chapter
2400	Query (start) of the data stored in the data logger*5)	Up to 224 bytes / hexadecima value, format see corresponding chapter
2401	Query (start) of the further data stored in the data logger*6)	224 bytes / hexadecimal value, format see corresponding chapter
2402	(Repeated) query of the most recent data logger query*7)	224 bytes / hexadecimal value, format see corresponding chapter
2410	Read data logger write cycle in hours:minutes:seconds	8 bytes / decimal value in format xx:xx:xx

*1) See table with notes on disinfection and autostart run status

*2) 2 bytes per level each

- *3) Bottle A active (0x01), bottle B active (0x02), bottle A pressure OK (0x10), bottle B pressure OK (0x20)
- *4) For more information on the error memory, see chapter 13.5.
- *5) Set reading pointer to first entry, read up to 7 entries max.
- *6) Send the next 7 entries. Set reading pointer automatically to next new entry, read up to 7 entries max.
- *7) Send entries of last telegram again. Can be used after communication error has occurred.



Note on *3) dis	infection and autostart run status:
-----------------	-------------------------------------

Bit	Disinfection	auto-start
0x00	contra-con not active	auto-start not active
0x01	Initialization	Initialization
0x02	Await door opening time	Await door opening time
0x03	Await door closing	Await door closing
0x04	Start	Start
0x05	Heat	Heat
0x06	Hold	Perform counter-voltage adjustment
0x07	Condensation	Waiting period 1
0x08	Cool-down	Set tolerance band
0x09	Dry	Establish stable humidity
0x0A	Await release	Perform counter-voltage adjustment
0x0B	Stop	Waiting period 2
0x0C	-	Determine offset
0x0D	-	Read offset, check
0x0E	-	Release
0x0F	-	Stop



	13.5 Error mer	nory structure
		 v contains 22 error messages. A query is responded with a colon as separator and can be queried using the nd: ?:2300:00::cc<cr></cr> Reading the <i>last</i> 11 error memory entries. ?:2301:00::cc<cr></cr> Reading the <i>first</i> 11 error memory entries.
Error memory data set structure	prior to data trans ASCII characters (– Byte 1 consist – Bytes 2 - 11 co Therefore, a respo separator. A data set always	consist of 11 byte and are encrypted in 21 ASCII characters smission. Example: The byte 0x23 is converted into the 0x32 (,2') and 0x33 (,3'). s of 1 characters, consist of 2 characters. conse consists of $1+(10 \times 2) = 21$ data bytes plus delivers the date, the time, the faulty control loop, the if the error message.
	Example of a resp	oonse:
	l:2300:fb:10b0106	30f372280000002:20b01060f38100001:80
	First data set:	!:2300:fb:10b01060f372280000002: (with 21 bytes)
	Second data set:	20b01060f38100001:80 (beginning of the second data set after 21 bytes of the first data set and of the separator [1 byte])



13.5.1 Error memory data set structure scheme:

	00	0b	01	06	Of	37	22	8000	0002
Faulty control loop type									
0x00 = Error in temperature control loop Date / Day 0x0b = 11th day of the month	00	0b							
Date / Month 0x01 = January			01						
Date / Year 0x06 = 2006				06					
Time / Hours 0x0f = 15 hrs.					Of				
Time / Minutes 0x37 = 55 minutes						37			
Time / Seconds 0x22 = 34 seconds							22		
Device status 0x8000 = Device error									
existing Error message								8000	
0x0002 = Value above set value upper limit									0002

Therefore, the following information is transmitted in this data set:

- Created on 1 January 2006 at 15:55:34 hrs.
- A device error has occurred and the set temperature is too high.

13.5.2 Overview of the possible error messages in hex coding

Hex-coded error message

Hex code	Description / Type			
0x00	Temperature control loop			
0x01	CO ₂ control loop			
0x02	O ₂ control loop			
0x07	Water level			
0x08	General device status			



Bit-coded error messages for temperature and CO₂

13.5.3 Overview of the possible error messages in bit coding General device status, control loop for temperature and CO₂:

Bit	General device status			
0x0002	Device door open too long			
0x0004	Display fails to communicate			
0x0008	Mainboad parameter implausible (EEPROM faulty)			
0x0010	Data logger faulty (device remains operative)			
0x0020	Error in disinfection / contraCon			
0x0040	No power supply during contraCon			
0x0080	Error in autostart			
0x0100	Safety circuit activated			
0x0200	Bottle turning device fails to communicate			
0x2000	Autostart active (info)			
0x4000	Disinfection active (info)			
0x8000	Device error has occurred (info)			
Bit	Temperature control loop error status			
0x0001	Sensor breakage			
0x0002	Value above set value upper limit			
0x0004	Value below set value lower limit			
0x0008	Set value implausible			
0x0010	Calibration value too high / too low			
0x0020	Communication error (to sensor)			
0x0040	Communication error (to LM75)			
0x0100	Measuring cell parameter implausible (EEPROM faulty)			
Bit	CO ₂ control loop error status			
0x0001	Sensor breakage			
0x0002	Value above set value upper limit			
0x0004	Value below set value lower limit			
0x0010	Calibration value too high / too low			
0x0020	Communication error (to sensor)			
0x0040	Communication error (to cylinder changeover switch)			
0x0080	No gas, cylinders A and B empty			
0x0100	Measuring cell parameter implausible (EEPROM faulty)			
0x0200	Cylinder A empty			
0x0400	Cylinder B empty			



Bit-coded error messages for O₂ and water level

Control loop for $\mathbf{O}_{\mathbf{2}}$ and water level:

Bit	CO ₂ control loop error status
0x0001	Sensor breakage
0x0002	Value above set value upper limit
0x0004	Value below set value lower limit
0x0020	Communication error (to sensor)
0x0040	Gas cylinder changeover switch fails to communicate
0x0080	No gas, cylinders A and B empty
0x0200	Gas cylinder A empty
0x0400	Gas cylinder B empty
Bit	Water level error status
0x0001	No water



13.6 Data logger structure

The data logger can store up to 10,000 events. Depending on the setting for the logging cycle (in sections of seconds), e.g. for a value of 60 s (default value), the events of about 5 days can be stored. The data logger stores the following information:

- important user actions, system events, and error messages,
- measured data of the three control loops during incubation operation.

	The data logger o	an be queried using the following commands:				
	Query:	?:2400:00::cc <cr></cr>				
		Setting the data logger reading pointer to the				
		oldest entry and output of the first data sets.				
	Query:	?:2401:00::cc <cr></cr>				
		Output of the following data sets,				
		the reading pointer automatically moves gradually from				
		the older entries to the current entries.				
	Query:	?:2402:00::cc <cr></cr>				
		Repeated output of the most recently read data,				
		this command does not move the reading pointer. This				
	command can be	e used to avoid data loss				
		after a communication error has occurred.				
Data logger data set structure	Each query comn another	nand is responded with up to 7 data sets that follow one				
	without a separat	or. These data sets consist of				
	-	encrypted into 32 ASCII characters prior to transmission.				
	For example, the	byte 0x23 is converted into the ASCII characters:				
	0x32 (,2′) and 0x3	33 (,3′).				
	Therefore, a resp	onse consists of up to 7 X $16 = 112$ bytes, i.e. 224 ASCII				
	characters.					
	A data set always	delivers the date and the time (without seconds), the				
	device status and the type of data logger entry (byte 0-7 or ASCII character 0-15).					
	Also, depending	on the entry, the current actual values or set values of the				
	control loops or other parameters can be entered (byte 8-15 or ASCII character 16-31).					
	Example of a response:					
	!:2400:e0:010b01060f	3700000177002800d40000110b01060f3800000172003200d20352:80				
		-				
	First data set	!:2400:e0:010b01060f3700000177002800d4000011				
		(consisting of 32 byte ASCII characters)				
	Second data set	0b01060f3800000172003200d20352:80				
		(beginning of the second data set after 32 bytes				
		of the first data set)				



	01	0b	01	06	0f	37	0000	0177	0028	00d4	0000
Data logger entry type											
0x01 = Standard entry											
that is stored every											
60 s	01										
Date / Day		-									
0x0b = 11th day of the		0b									
month		UD									
Date / Month											
$0 \times 01 = $ January			01								
Date / Year				_							
$0 \times 06 = 2006$				06							
Time / Hours											
0x0f = 15 hrs.					0f						
Time / Minutes						-					
0x37 = 55 minutes						37					
Device status							0000				
0x0000 = Everything							0000				
ОК											
Type-specific, here:											
current temperature in											
1/10°Celsius								0177			
0x0177 = 37.5°C								0177			
Type-specific, here:											
current CO2 content in											
1/10%									0028		
$0 \times 0028 = 4.0\% CO_2$									0020		
Type-specific, here:											
current O ₂ content in											
1/10%										00d4	
$0x00d4 = 21.2\% O_2$										5004	
Reserved for rh in											
1/10% always											0000
$0 \times 0000 = 0\%$											1000

13.6.1 Data logger data set structure scheme:

Therefore, the following information is transmitted in this data set:

- Created on 1 January 2006 at 15:55 hrs.
- The device status reports no particularities,
- the temperature is 37.5°C,
- gas concentration 4.0% CO₂, 21.2% O₂.

Example of a code:

For an example of a code, please refer to the end of this chapter.



Bit-coded event entries

13.6.2 Overview of possible event entries in bit coding Overview of event entries, Part I:

Code	Event	Special information (byte 8-15)
0x01	Set values from all control loops (periodically in minute cycles)	Current values for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x02	Set value change (at beginning of new section)	Set value for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x10	Change temperature set value	Set value for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x11	Change CO ₂ set value	Set value for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x12	Change O_2 set value	Set value for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x20	New temperature error	Status / error registration for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x21	New CO ₂ error	Status / error registration for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x22	New O ₂ error	Status / error registration for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x2F	New system error	Status / error registration for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x30	Power reset	Set value for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x31	Door open	Current actual values for temperature, CO ₂ , O ₂ , and rh
0x32	Door closed	Current actual values for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x40	Customer-specific temperature calibration	Calibration level (2 bytes), old temperature, new temperature (2 bytes each)
0x41	Customer-specific CO ₂ calibration	Calibration level (2 bytes), old CO ₂ value, new CO ₂ value (2 bytes each)
0x42	Customer-specific O_2 calibration	Calibration level (2 bytes), old O_2 value, new O_2 value (2 bytes each)
0x50	Start auto-start	Status / error registration for temperature, CO ₂ , O ₂ , and rh
0x51	auto-start successfully completed	Current actual values for temperature, CO ₂ , O ₂ , and rh



Bit-coded event entries

Overview of event entries, Part II:

Code	Event	Special information (byte 8-15)
0x52	auto-start completed with error	Status / error registration for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x53	auto-start stopped manually	Status / error registration for temperature, CO ₂ , O ₂ , and rh
0x60	Start contra-con	Status / error registration for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x61	contra-con successfully completed	Current actual values for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x62	contra-con completed with error	Status / error registration for temperature, CO ₂ , O ₂ , and rh
0x63	contra-con stopped manually	Status / error registration for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x70	Gas monitor cylinder A empty	Status gas monitoring (2 bytes), 4 bytes empty
0x71	Gas monitor cylinder B empty	Status gas monitoring (2 bytes), 4 Bytes empty
0x72	Gas monitor manual changeover	Status gas monitoring (2 bytes), 4 Bytes empty
0x90	Start low humidity	Current actual values for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x91	Stop low humidity	Current actual values for temperature, CO_2 , O_2 , and rh
0x92	Start bottle turning device	Drive roller speed status (2 bytes each)
0x93	Stop bottle turning device	Drive roller speed status (2 bytes each)
0xe0	Delete data logger	Current actual values for temperature, CO ₂ , O ₂ , and rh
0xff	Last entry of data logger	No information, not even on date, time, and status



	13.7 Examples of data logger codes
Data logger entry	An entry in the data logger is 16 bytes large and has the following structure: 1. byte: indicates the event (e.g. door open 0x31, measured value entry 0x01) 2. byte: day of entry 3. byte: month 4. byte: year 5. byte: hour 6. byte: minute 7. and 8. byte: device status 9. to 16. byte: various data on the event
Functions	 13.7.1 Functions for data logger queries The following code example for reading the data logger uses six functions: ahex // converts the received ASCII character into a hexadecimal number, send_telegramm // sends a query to the data logger, get_telegramm // receives a response data the data logger, time_2_str // uses a hexadecimal value to create ASCII characters in time format, num_2_string // uses hexadecimal values to create ASCII characters to be entered into a file, read_datalogger // edits the received data and writes them into a file.
Creating a hexadecimal number	<pre>13.7.2 Example of a code for a a data logger query char ahex (char a) { char ahex(char a) { char i; char i; char hexa[16]="0123456789abcdef"; for (i = 0; i < 16; i++) if (a == hexa[i]) return (i); return 0; } </pre>
Sending a telegram	<pre>send_telegramm void send_telegramm(char *p) { char string [15]; unsigned char bcc = 0xFF; char i; // copy telegram together strncpy (&string[0], "?:xxxx:00::00\r", 14); // insert 4-digit address strncpy (&string[2], p, 4);</pre>

```
// calculate checksum: inverted XOR of all bytes
                              // without checksum and <CR>
                                   for (i = 0; i < 11; i ++)
                                    bcc = (bcc^string[i]);
                             // copy checksum
                               string[11] = hexa(bcc/16);
                                string[12] = hexa(bcc%16);
                              // send telegram
                                ComWrt (COM_NR, string, 14);
                                return;
                                }
Receiving a response telegram
                             get telegramm
                              int get_telegramm(char *p)
                                {
                                int reading_count = 0;
                              // reading the telegram character by character
                                do
                                  ComRd(COM_NR, &p[reading_count], 1);
                              // until reception of <CR>
                                while ((p[reading_count++] != '\r'));
                              // return = number of received characters
                                return (reading_count);
                                }
Creating a time format in ASCII
                             time_2_str
                              char time_2_str (int z, char * b)
                                {
                                  char i;
                              // output two numerals
                                  for (i = 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
                              // calculate value
                                    b[i] = z \times 10 + 0 \times 30;
                              // reduce default value
                                    z = z/10;
                                  }
                                  return (2);
                                }
 Hexadecimal values in ASCII
                             num_2_string
                             char num_2_str (int z, char * b)
                 characters
                               {
                              // number with one decimal place
                               char a[12];
                                char i, l;
                                int rest = 0;
                                1 = 0;
                              // Negative number?
                                if (z < 0) {
                              // set algebraic sign
                                    b[0] = '-';
                                    1 = 1;
                              // convert value
                                    z = 0 \times fffffff_{z+1};
                                  }
                              // store decimal place
                                rest = z % 10;
```

```
// cut off decimal place
                      z = z / 10;
                    // calculate and copy number before decimal separator
                      for (i = 0; i < 12; i++) {
                    // calculate value
                        a[i] = z \times 10 + 0 \times 30;
                    // reduce default value
                        z = z/10;
                    // Number copied completely?
                        if (z == 0)
                                       break;
                      }
                      for (; i \ge 0; i--b[1++] = a[i];
                    // calculate and copy number after decimal separator
                      b[l++] = ',';
                    // calculate value
                      b[1++] = rest%10+0x30;
                      return (1);
                      }
Writing data in a file
                    read datalogger
                    int read_datalogger ()
                    {
                    #define SIZE_DATA2 16
                    #define EVENT_STATUS 0x01
                    unsigned char buffer[300], string [300];
                    unsigned char zahlenstring [150], datestring , timestring ;
                   unsigned char excelstring [150];
                   unsigned char len, h,i;
                   unsigned int read_count, status;
                    #define EVENT_DATA.END 0xFF
                    char data;
                    int GetTele = 0
                    GetError = 0,
                    // writing the title line in the file
                    WriteFile (FileHandle, "Date; Time; Comment; Temp Act.; CO2 Act.; O2
                    Act.;rH Act.;Temp Set;CO2 Set;O2 Set;rH Set;\n", 85);
                    // infinite loop
                   while (1)
                      {
                    // set data logger to beginning and read
                      if (!GetTele){
                        send_telegramm ("2400");
                        }
                      else{
                    // read additional data sets
                        send_telegramm ("2401");
                      len = get_telegramm (buffer);
                    // no telegram received
                      if (!len) {
                        GetError ++;
                    // requery
                        send_telegramm ("2402");
                        len = get_telegramm (buffer);
                    // again, no telegram received
                        if (!len) return 1;
                        }
                    // increase telegram counter
                      GetTele ++;
```

ENTIFIC

```
// length of sent payload
  len = (ahex(buffer[7]) * 0x10 + ahex(buffer[8])) / 2;
// converting ASCII string into usable numeric string
  for (i = 0; i < (len); i++)
    zahlenstring [i] = (ahex(buffer[10 + (2*i)]) * 0x10 +
    ahex(buffer[11 + (2*i)]));
// calculation of the sent data packages
  data = ((len) / SIZE_DATA2);
// evaluation of all data packages
  for (i = 0; i < data; i++)9{
    len = 0;
  // write time and date into file
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[1+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = '.';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[2+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = '.';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[3+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ';';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[4+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ':';
    len += time_2_str (zahlenstring[5+i*SIZE_DATA2],
    &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ':';
    len += time_2_str (0, &excelstring[len]);
    excelstring[len ++] = ';';
    switch (zahlenstring[i*SIZE_DATA2]){
      case EVENT_STATUS:
// check cyclic entries for device errors
    status = zahlenstring[6+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
    zahlenstring[7+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         if (status & INFO_ERROR) {
           str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "Error active;", 13);
           len += 13;
         }
         else{
// query all device errors (see chap. 13.6.2, pg. 139)
          if (status & DOOR_LONG) {
             str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "Door open too long;",
             19);
             len += 19;
           else {
             if (status & DOOR_OPEN) {
               str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "Door open;", 10);
               len += 10;
             }
           }
// query remaining device errors now
11
11
11
         .
11
11
// and finally query cyclic nominal values entries without device
// errors
```

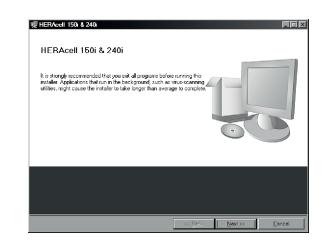
```
else{
             str_cpy (&excelstring[len], "ok;", 3);
             len += 3;
           }
         }
// copy nominal values from numerical string to Excel string
      len += num 2_str ((zahlenstring[8+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
      zahlenstring[9+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
      len += num_2_str ((zahlenstring[10+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
      zahlenstring[11+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
      len += num_2_str ((zahlenstring[12+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
      zahlenstring[13+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
      len += num_2_str ((zahlenstring[14+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
      zahlenstring[15+i*SIZE_DATA2]), &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
// enter set values from here
      len += num_2_str (SollTemp, &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
      len += num_2_str (SollCO2, &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
      len += num_2_str (SollO2, &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
      len += num_2_str (SollrH, &excelstring[len]);
      excelstring[len ++] = ';';
      excelstring[len] = '\n';
      len += 1;
      WriteFile (FileHandle, excelstring, len);
      break;
// query the remaining events from here
      case EVENT_FORMAT_DATALOG:
        WriteFile (FileHandle, excelstring, len);
        WriteFile (FileHandle, "Data logger erased; \n",20);
        break;
      case EVENT_POWER_ON:
// update of set values
        SollTemp = zahlenstring[8+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[9+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         SollCO2 = zahlenstring[10+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[11+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         SollO2 = zahlenstring[12+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[13+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         SollrH = zahlenstring[14+i*SIZE_DATA2]*0x100+
         zahlenstring[15+i*SIZE_DATA2];
         WriteFile (FileHandle, excelstring, len);
        WriteFile (FileHandle, "Power on; \n", 10);
        break;
      case..
// query all events here (see chap. 13.6.2, pg. 139)
// cancel 0\mathrm{xFF} indicates the end of the data logger
      case 0xFF:
      WriteFile (FileHandle, "End;\n",5);
    }
  }
return 0;
}
```



User surface for data communication

13.8 Program Heracell 150i & 240i

The program provides a user surface (only with English menu designation) for handling the data communication between a device and a connected PC.



This program is used for:

- Reading and archiving error messages (error logger). The data sets are stored in the meta format *.CSV.
- reading and archiving event entries (data logger). The data sets are stored in the meta format *.CSV.
- Creating a service file (servicefile) to be sent to the Technical Service of Thermo Fisher Scientific. The information of the service file is very useful for systematic troubleshooting. The data sets are stored in the proprietary format *.SRF.



Installation routine

13.8.1 Installing the Heracell 150i & 240i

- 1. Starting the installation routine:
 - On the data CD in the subdirectory **PROGRAMS**, double-click on the file **SETUP.EXE** to open this file.



2. Locate the installation directory for the program.

Select the primary installation directory.	
All software will be installed in the following location different location(a), click the Browse button and set	s). To install software into a ect another directory.
Target directory for application CNProgramme\HERAcel 150 & 240\	Browse
- Target directory for National Instruments software C:\Programme\National Instruments\	Browse

- 3. In the sequence of the given installation steps:
 - confirm the licence agreement,
 - confirm the extent of installation,
 - after the message on the completeness of the installation has been displayed, close the installation surface and restart the computer.



	The user surface is divided into two main • MAIN with two functional elements: – Program version output FIRMWARE – Switch for exiting the program: Q	VERSION JIT
	MNIN HERAcell 150i & 240i V 0.1 50112431 28 05.2008	GENERAL ThermoFisher SCIENTIFIC
	date: 01.07.2008 Firmware version: 50111927	Que
Submenus	 GENERAL with the submenus: PRESETTING for setting the transmethe serial port, TEST COM for testing the communant incubator, DATE & TIME for adjusting date ar ERROR LOGGER for reading the even DATA LOGGER for reading the even SERVICEFILE for reading error infor service file, 	nication connection between P nd time to the desired time zon rror messages, ent entries,



PRESETTING Presetting The submenu

Function of the user menu:

The submenu PRESETTING is used to set the transmission speed and to select the serial port.

HERAcell 150i/24	ADI COM: NoCOM Main		CI.	ENERAL	
PRESETTING	TEST COM DATE & TIME	ERROR LOGGER	DATA LOGGER	SERVICEFILE	PASSWORD
	Current presetting:				
	Baudrate Com-Number 57 600 V COM1 V				
	change save to file				

- 1. Select a transmission speed within the range of 9,600 to 115,200 baud.
- 2. Select the serial port of the PC. If the USB driver is installed, the (virtual) COM port assigned to the USB port can be selected *(see chap. 13.1.2, pg. 125)*.
- 3. Accept the settings:
- Press the CHANGE button.
- 4. Save the settings (in an INI file):
 - ▶ Press the SAVE TO FILE button.

—— NOTE —

Transmission speeds:

The transmission speed settings in the user menu PRESETTING and of the device must be identical!



Test	Com

TEST COM

The submenu TEST COM is used for testing the communication connection with the settungs defined in the submenu PRESETTING.

HERAcell 150i/240	MAIN			GENERAL	
PRESETTING	TEST COM DATE & TIME request (7): ? address (e.g. 2010) 2010 attachment (e.g. +037.00;) send string sent ?2010.0000000000000000000000000000000000	ERROR LOGGER	DATALOGGER	SERVICEFILE	PASSWORD

- 1. Example of a query for the currently measurable temperature values of the incubator:
 - Query: ? (default, not changeable)
 - Address: 2010 (temperature value address: Set value, actual value, reference value)
- 2. Send the query to the incubator:
- 3. Press the **SEND** button.
 - If the incubator returns a response string, the communication connection to the incubator has been established.
 - If a connection cannot be established, an error dialog is displayed:

iw rs232	×
no connection to system	n
<u>o</u> k	

- 4. Exit the error dialog:
 - ▶ Press the **OK** button.



Date	a	Time

Error Logger

DATE & TIME The submenu DATE & TIME is used for adjusting date and time to the desired time zone.

HERAcell 150/240	MAIN					GENERAL		
PRESETTING	TEST COM	DATE & TIME	ERROR LOGGER	1	DATA LOGGER			PASSWORD
d [(c]]]	ktc: 15.06.08 set ddram yy) meij 10:40:15 set ahmm sa)	Ĩ						
1. Data in	the two tex	t boxes	must be e	nter	ed in th	ne for	mat DI	D.MM.YY
(day, m 2. Accept	onth, year) the input d the SET bu	ata:						
	GGER nu ERROR x of the use			or rea	ading th	ne err	or mes	sages int
HERAcell 150i/240	T COM. N-COM							_ _ X

HERAcell 1	50i/240i COM: No0	.OM					
		MAIN				GENERAL	
PRESETT	ING TES	тсом	DATE & TIME	ERROR LOGGER	DATA LOGGER	SERVICEFILE	PASSWORD
	Error logger						
		1 1		1			
	date	time	Control le	oop		Loop message	
							<u></u>
							save to file

The data sets can be stored in the metaformat *.CSV.

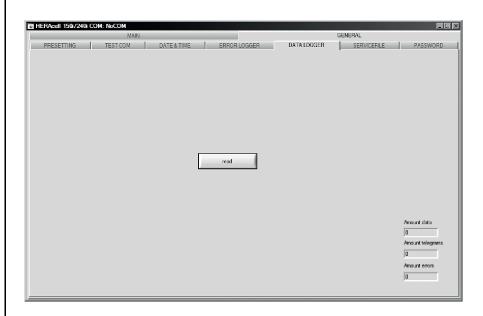


Saving data sets as files:
Press the SAVE TO FILE button.

DATA LOGGER

Data Logger

The submenu DATA LOGGER is used for reading the event entries into the text box of the user surface.



The data sets can be stored in the metaformat *.CSV.

- 1. Read the data sets:
- Press the **READ** button.
- 2. The progress of the data transmission is indicated in the three text boxes:
 - AMOUNT DATA: Total number of transmitted data sets.
 - ► **AMOUNT TELEGRAMS**: Therein the number of transmitted event entries.
 - ► **AMOUNT ERRORS**: Therein the number of transmitted error messages.



Duration of the data transmission:

As the data logger can contain up to 10,000 data sets, the data transmission to a PC may take some time.



Servicefile

SERVICEFILE

The submenu SERVICEFILE is used for reading error informations and for creating a service file from it, saved with the proprietary extension *srf. The service file is transmitted to the Technical Service of Thermo Fisher Scientific for fault analysis.

HERAcell 1507/2401 COM: NoCOM Main		(GENERAL	
PRESETTING TEST COM DATE &	TIME ERROR LOGGER	DATA LOGGER	SERVICEFILE	PASSWORD
	create servicefile			
	cicale activicate			
	Offnen		_	×
	Directory History: C:\Temp			•
	Suchen in: 🗁 Temp			III -
	Zuletz	4Ui.srf		
	verwendete D			
	Desktop			
				_
	Egene Dateien			_
	Avbeitsplatz			
	= 👷			
		HCU_service.sf	-	<u>O</u> κ
	Ung Dateityp:	* of	T	Abhrechen
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and 	: RVICEFILE button.	r in the Wi	∎ indows di	Abbrechen alog box
	: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory			
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. 	ereign: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE –			
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: 	ereign: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE –			
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. 	: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure:	in the Wi	indows di	alog box.
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the process:	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box.
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the p The compilation	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the p The compilation	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the p The compilation	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the p The compilation	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the p The compilation	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the p The compilation	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box
 Press the CREATE SE Define file name and Start saving process: Press OK button. Duration of the p The compilation	E Detepp: RVICEFILE button. d saving directory NOTE – procedure: of device inform	in the Wi	indows di	alog box



1	Þa	ss	sw	o	rd

PASSWORD

The submenu PASSWORD can only be accessed by the service personnel of Thermo Fisher Scientific.

PRESETTING TEST COM DATE & TIME ERROR LOGGER DATA LOGGER SERVICEFILE PASSWORD PASSWORD ENTER



14 Device log

Please list carried out works here:

Device type:			Part number:		
Serial number:			Service number:		
Location:			Operator's note:		
Work carried out			Notes	Date	Signature
				_ 0.0	- grown -
					-
					1

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